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10	COUNTY OF S	SAN FRANCISCO
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20	RONALD C. BROOKS,	CASE NO. CPF-14-513757
	Petitioner,	[PROPOSED] ORDER DIRECTING
21	37	ISSUANCE WRIT OF ADMINISTRATIVE
22	<b>V.</b>	MANDAMUS PURSUANT TO CODE CIV. PROC. § 1094.5
22	WILL LIGHTBOURNE, Director, California	
23	Department of Social Services; CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL	Date: April 23, 2015 Time: 9:30 a.m.
24	SERVICES,	Dept.: 302 HADOLD VALIN
25	Respondents.	Judge: Hon. E <del>rnest Welds Midle 11 IN</del>
		Reservation: 121914-01
26		Action Filed: July 14, 2014
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Petitioner Ronald Brooks' Petition for a Writ of Administrative Mandamus was set for a hearing on April 23, 2015, at 9:30 a.m., in Department 302 of the above-entitled court.

Having considered the petition, the administrative record lodged with this Court, the memoranda in support of and opposition to the petition, and the oral arguments presented at the hearing on this motion:

The court GRANTS the petition for a writ of administrative mandamus.

While the notice provisions of W & I code section 11450.04 are ambiguous and can fairly be construed to support the positions advocated by both sides, the deference accorded to an agency's interpretation of statutory language, the context of the statutory language, and furtherance of the purposes of section 11450.04 all indicate that the interpretation advocated by respondents—that notice given to Diaz suffices as notice to petitioner—is the more reasonable one. This is particularly true since, per petitioner's interpretation, had he received proper notice, his son could permissibly be designated an MFG as to petitioner's AU, yet there is no reasonable way for notice to have been provided to petitioner other than by giving notice to petitioner.

The hearsay rule in the Administrative Procedure Act (Govt. Code section 11513(d)) relied on by petitioner does not apply to the hearing held in this case due to W & I code sections 10953 and 10955 (see also Govt. Code section 11501). However, per W & I code section 10955 and MPP section 22-050, the hearing was governed by the requirements that "all testimony shall be submitted under oath or affirmation" and "evidence shall be admitted if it is the sort of evidence on which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs." Applying the independent judgment standard of review, there was insufficient evidence to support the finding of the ALJ—adopted by and necessary to the Department's decision denying petitioner's request for benefits for his son—that the required notice was given to Diaz about the MFG rules. This is because the only even conceivably probative evidence about notice to Diaz of the MFG rules were the unsworn statements of Mr. Gomez that Diaz's file showed that such notice was given. Mr. Gomez stated that he reviewed Diaz's file, yet he chose not to introduce any portion of that file into evidence and refused to disclose it to petitioner. (See MPP section 22-049 (petitioner was entitled to "Examine all documents prior to and during the hearing.").)

Regardless of the merits of Mr. Gomez's assertion of confidentiality of the Diaz file, the absence of any evidence from that file discloses that the "evidence" that was provided by Mr. Gomez fell below "the sort of evidence on which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs." NOW THEREFORE the Department of Social Services is ordered to reverse its decision of July 17, 2013 and remove the MFG designation from petitioner's son for all time periods, past and present, while he is in the custody of petitioner and provide benefits withheld from petitioner because of the MFG designation of his son. IT IS SO ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED. Dated: April 24, 2015 Hon. Ernest H. Goldsmith Judge of the Superior Court Harold Khan 

[PROPOSED] ORDER