CCWRO Welfare News

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Expedited Service Food Stamps Not Being Considered Uniformly in California

Hungry people living in California should get the same treatment for food stamps in all 58 counties.

We have been receiving complaints from advocates that households in some counties are being considered for emergency food stamp benefits, while in other counties they are not. In order to verify this anecdotal assertion we examined the DSS reports CA 237, DFA 296 and DFA 296X.

Any HH who needs emergency food stamps, also known as FS-ES, shall receive food stamps in three days.

The only verification for FS-ES is identity which can be done through documentary evidence or "collateral contact", which means talking to somebody who knows the applicant.

State 33% of the food stamp applicants were not considered for emergency food stamp assistance.

Although the rules for FS-ES are the same statewide, there is puzzling differences between counties located next to each other:

Statewide 775,059 258,563 33.36% San Francisco 12,557 149 1.19% San Joaquin 21,982 472 2.15% Madera 5,457 300 5.50% Orange 25,301 1,517 6.00% Butte 12,456 1,052 8.45% Marin 3,409 290 8.51% Calaveras 2,052 177 8.63% Kings 8,610 794 9.22% Kern 20,473 3,169 15.48% Santa Barbara 8,182 1,301 15.90% Sutter 1,848 369 19.97% Alameda 26,783 5,964 22.27% Santa Cruz 9,158 2,061 22.50% Solano 8,380 1,914 22.84% Shasta 4,891 1,138 23.27% Fresno 32,298 7,654 23.70% Monterey 6,529 1,673 25.62%	Large & Medium Counties	April -June 2009 CW & Food Stamp Applications.	April - June Applications Considered for FS-ES	April -June % of Applications Considered for FS-ES
San Bernardino 41,196 30,575 74.22%	San Francisco San Joaquin Madera Orange Butte Marin Calaveras Kings Kern Santa Barbara Sutter Alameda Santa Cruz Solano Shasta Fresno Monterey San Diego Santa Clara Yolo Contra Costa Merced Riverside Ventura Tulare Los Angeles Placer Yuba Sacramento Stanislaus San Mateo	12,557 21,982 5,457 25,301 12,456 3,409 2,052 8,610 20,473 8,182 1,848 26,783 9,158 8,380 4,891 32,298 6,529 52,941 19,365 4,651 17,275 9,386 35,023 8,359 14,159 180,854 3,800 1,977 31,231 11,590 6,664	149 472 300 1,517 1,052 290 177 794 3,169 1,301 369 5,964 2,061 1,914 1,138 7,654 1,673 17,288 6,600 1,599 6,443 3,522 15,022 3,886 6,825 87,641 1,974 1,031 19,071 7,136 4,741	33.36% 1.19% 2.15% 5.50% 6.00% 8.45% 8.51% 8.63% 9.22% 15.48% 15.90% 19.97% 22.27% 22.50% 22.84% 23.70% 25.62% 32.66% 34.08% 34.08% 37.30% 37.52% 42.89% 46.49% 48.20% 48.46% 51.95% 52.15% 61.06% 61.57% 71.14%

San Bernardino County

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considers 79% of its applicants for ES-FS, while **Riverside County** is only 48%. Why are there 31% less food stamp applicants considered for FS-ES in Riverside County? Could it be that there is a 31% difference in the economic status of the population between San Bernardino County and Riverside County? Doubtful;

- only 2% of the applicants are considered for FS-ES, one of the poorest counties in the country. Meanwhile neighboring Stanislaus County considers 64% of their food stamp applicants for FS-ES. Could it be that there is a 62% difference in the economic status of the population between San Jouqiun County and Stanislaus County?
- Francisco County only considers 1% of the applicants. We have been told that the county disagrees with the numbers that they have transmitted to the state and the state has posted on the internet.
- Sutter County only considered 21% for FS-ES while in Yuba County across the street considered 52%. Why?
- Sacramento County considers FS-ES for 61% of the cases. The county right across the river, Yolo County is only 34%
- Santa Barbara County only considers 15% of the applicants for FS-ES, while neighboring Ventura County is 46%.
- Madera County, another poverty stricken county only considers 5% of their applicants for FS-ES. Neighboring Fresno County is 24%, which is pretty low, but better than 5%

FS-ES Consideration Process

What is the process to determine whether or not the applicant may be eligible for FS-ES?

Every applicant for food stamps completes a SAWS-1 or a DFA 285. (http://www.dss.cahwnet.gov/cdssweb/PG164.htm#dfa)

Both of these applications solicit the basic information needed to be considered for FS-ES. Why are people in some counties being denied the opportunity to be considered for the benefits that they are entitled to by law?

FS-ES Eligibility Requirements

- 1. Less than \$150 gross income
- Less than \$100 in liquid resources
- 3. HH whose gross income is less than their rent and utilities; MPP § 63-301.51

California is a county run system. Every county does whatever it wants. There is little real supervision by the California single state agency, DSS, that required by law to supervise counties. In reality, the supervision that DSS provides to counties is very limited.

But there is **HOPE**. The state Legislature has enacted **AB 7** (http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/cgi-bin/postquery?bill_number=ab x4_7&sess=CUR&house=B&a uthor=evans) that may create a statewide computer application system.

The California Welfare Direc-

tors Association (CWDA) is opposed to a single statewide computer system.

Currently there are three computer systems operated by counties. This means when there is a change, money is taken away from the poor and given to computer programmers to program three (3) different computer systems rather than just paying once to program the computer that would do the same thing.

We are hoping for a system where all applicants can be treated the same throughout the State of California.

We are hoping for a system where no child will go hungry just because of the county they live in.

LEGAL ISSUE: There is a legal issue in that federal and state law mandates that counties consider FS-ES. They are not. This is a potential violation of the law. W&IC §18914; MPP §63-30.52 and 7 CFR §283.2(i)(2).

WHERE TO FIND THE DATA?

The CA 237 CW - CalWORKs Cash Grant Caseload Movement Report (http://www.dss.cahwnet.gov/research/PG281.htm) is a CalWORKs report that shows how many people applied for CalWORKs each month among other things.

DFA 296 (http://www.dss.cah-wnet.gov/research/PG353.htm) is a monthly report showing, among other things, how many households (HH) applied for Food Stamp benefits.

DFA 296X (http://www.dss.cah-wnet.gov/research/PG354.htm) is a quarterly report that reveals how many HH were considered for expedited service food stamps. Expedited service is the program for hungry people in America and California.