

**Estimated Effects on the
Supplemental Nutrition
Assistance Program of
Eliminating California's SSI
Cash-Out Policy**

Final Report

February 12, 2010

Karen Cunnyngnam



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Policy Research, Inc.

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George Manalo-LeClair and Cathy Hsu at the California Food Policy Advocates developed the policy scenarios simulated in the research, and Mr. Manalo-LeClair reviewed the draft report.

The microsimulation model used in this research is based on a model developed by Mathematica for the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Food and Nutrition Service (FNS). The most recent update of the model used by FNS was conducted by a Mathematica team led by Carole Trippe.

ABSTRACT

For this research project, Mathematica Policy Research used a computer model that simulates the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) to estimate the effects on SNAP eligibility and benefit amounts of eliminating California's Supplemental Security Income (SSI) cash-out policy. When the state implemented the SSI cash-out policy in 1974, many SSI recipients qualified only for the minimum SNAP benefit of \$10. By making SSI recipients ineligible for SNAP while simultaneously raising the SSI state supplemental payment (SSP) by \$10, California was able to save on SNAP administrative costs without reducing benefits for most recipients. Furthermore, a study conducted by Mathematica for the California Food Policy Advocates (CFPA) in 2002 found that ending SSI cash-out in 2000 would have reduced the total amount of SNAP benefits for which Californians qualified.

Changes to SNAP, California's SSP, and the economy since 2000 mean that many SSI recipients who are living alone or only with other SSI recipients would now qualify for larger SNAP benefits. Consequently, CFPA asked Mathematica to reassess the effect on SNAP eligibility and benefit amounts of eliminating California's SSI cash-out policy. Mathematica did this by simulating the elimination of SSI cash-out under three scenarios. Under the first, we simulated ending SSI cash-out using the current SSP. Under the second, we first simulated a reduction in the maximum combined SSI/SSP for single SSI recipients and then simulated ending SSI cash-out for all SSI recipients. The third scenario simulates ending SSI cash-out only for one-person households and includes several other policy changes.

Based on our research, we estimate that ending California's SSI cash-out policy under the current regulatory environment would increase the number of California households eligible for SNAP. However, we also estimate that total SNAP benefits flowing into the state would decrease. Further, we estimate that under both the second and third scenarios, total California SNAP benefits for which eligible households would qualify would rise along with the number of eligible households. Under all three scenarios, ending SSI cash-out would substantially increase the percentage of eligible households qualifying for the minimum benefit.

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I. INTRODUCTION

In work for the California Food Policy Advocates (CFPA), Mathematica Policy Research used a computer model that simulates the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP, formerly the Food Stamp Program) to estimate the effects on SNAP eligibility and benefit amounts of eliminating California's Supplemental Security Income (SSI) cash-out policy. Under the SSI cash-out policy, California SSI recipients are ineligible for SNAP. When this policy was implemented in 1974, California increased the SSI State Supplementary Payment (SSP) by \$10, the amount of SNAP benefits for which many SSI recipients qualified at the time. By providing cash through the SSP instead of SNAP benefits, the state was able to save on SNAP administrative costs without reducing benefits for most recipients.

A study conducted by Mathematica for CFPA in 2002 found that ending SSI cash-out in 2000 would have reduced the total amount of SNAP benefits for which Californians qualified.¹ However, because of changes to SNAP, California's SSP, and the economy, many SSI recipients who are living alone or only with other SSI recipients would now qualify for larger SNAP benefits. This has raised questions about whether the results from the 2002 study are still valid. In response, CFPA asked Mathematica to reassess the effect on SNAP eligibility and benefit amounts of eliminating California's SSI cash-out policy.

Mathematica examined the effects of ending SSI cash-out under three scenarios specified by CFPA. Under the first scenario, we simulated ending SSI cash-out using the current SSP. Under the second scenario, we simulated the reduction in the maximum combined SSI/SSP for single SSI recipients included in the California Governor's proposed budget for 2010-11. This simulation reduces the maximum SSI/SSP to the minimum required by federal law (the maximum SSI/SSP for

¹ Cunyngnam, Karen. "Modeling the Impact of Eliminating SSI Cash-out in California." Memorandum submitted to the California Food Policy Advocates. Washington, DC: Mathematica Policy Research, December 2002.

married SSI recipients is already at the federal minimum) and then ends SSI cash-out for all SSI recipients.

The third scenario incorporates several policy changes and is designed to estimate the effects of a best-case simulation. Under this scenario, we simulated ending SSI cash-out only for one-person households and required all newly eligible SNAP households to participate. Limiting the population for which SSI cash-out is eliminated removes the possibility of currently eligible people losing eligibility or benefits when household members receiving SSI join the SNAP filing unit. We also simulated implementing a Standard Medical Deduction, which increases the SNAP benefit for which some households qualify. Finally, because FNS requires that states maintain cost-neutrality when implementing a Standard Medical Deduction, we simulated a slight reduction in the Standard Utility Allowance (SUA).

Based on our research, we estimate that ending California's SSI cash-out policy under the current regulatory environment would increase the number of California households and individuals eligible for and participating in SNAP. However, we also estimate that both the average monthly SNAP benefit for California SNAP households and total SNAP benefits flowing into the state would decrease. Further, we estimate that under both the second and third scenarios, total California SNAP benefits would rise along with the number of eligible and participating SNAP households and individuals. The largest increase in total benefits would be for households participating under the third scenario. However, the average monthly SNAP benefit would still decrease under these scenarios.

In this paper, we describe our research objectives and methodology and provide a detailed discussion of our conclusions.

II. RESEARCH OBJECTIVES

In the earlier work for CFPA, Mathematica used a Current Population Survey (CPS)-based microsimulation model to estimate the effect of eliminating the SSI cash-out policy in 2000. We found that doing so would have increased the number of Californians eligible for SNAP but reduced the total amount of SNAP benefits coming into the state. Households that would have gained under the policy change include those consisting solely of SSI recipients (pure SSI households) that would have become newly eligible for SNAP. However, these households would have qualified for a relatively small average benefit of \$16. Conversely, some households consisting of both SSI recipients and nonrecipients (mixed SSI households) would have lost benefits under the policy change. Overall, Mathematica estimated a 12 percent net loss in SNAP benefits to Californians if the SSI cash-out policy had been eliminated in 2000.

Several important changes have been made to SNAP since 2000, both nationally and in California. For example, SNAP maximum and minimum benefits were increased, noncitizen eligibility was expanded, and California eliminated the SNAP asset test for households with children. In addition, the amount of California's SSP was reduced. The objective of the research presented here is to provide information to help determine whether, given these changes, California's SSI cash-out policy should be reconsidered. Specifically, Mathematica addressed the following questions:

- Under fiscal year 2009 SNAP rules, would ending California's SSI cash-out policy result in a net increase or decrease in California SNAP benefits?
- What are the characteristics of households that would gain benefits or lose benefits under the policy change?
- Are there policy scenarios under which the elimination of SSI cash-out would result in a net increase in SNAP benefits to California households?

III. METHODOLOGY

Mathematica addressed these questions with a computer model—the 2009 Baseline of the 2005 MATH[®] SIPP+. The model was developed by Mathematica for FNS, who uses it to estimate the effects of potential changes to SNAP during preparation of the President’s budget submission and in response to policy changes proposed by Congress. The model is also the basis for reports and memoranda detailing the characteristics of the SNAP eligible and participating populations.

Like other microsimulation models, the MATH SIPP+ has two components—an underlying database and a series of computer programs. The database consists of individual household records that contain detailed information about household income, assets, expenses, and demographics. The computer programs, acting as an “electronic caseworker,” apply SNAP eligibility rules to each household in the database to determine whether the household would be eligible for SNAP and, if so, the benefit to which it would be entitled. The model also predicts which eligible households participate in SNAP. For the model’s baseline, the predicted participant population is calibrated to match participant totals and characteristics from SNAP administrative data.

The MATH SIPP+ model is based on data from both the Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) and the CPS Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC). The SIPP serves as the model’s underlying database because it contains the data on household income, assets, and expenses needed to determine SNAP eligibility and benefit amounts. However, the SIPP sample is relatively small and is not representative at the state level. To overcome these weaknesses, the MATH SIPP+ model also incorporates CPS ASEC data. While not containing information on assets and expenses, CPS ASEC data provides a larger sample than the SIPP and is representative at the state level. The CPS data is used to reweight the SIPP data in such a way that the MATH SIPP+ model can be used for state-level simulations. In brief, each household in the underlying SIPP database is assigned a set of state weights—one for each state—that are derived from the original SIPP weight and are based on state demographic and economic household characteristics from the

CPS ASEC. Through these state weights, the MATH SIPP+ model uses data on all households in the sample, regardless of their state of residence, to simulate SNAP eligibility in each state.

The 2009 Baseline of the 2005 MATH SIPP+ model uses September 2005 SIPP data, 2005 and 2006 CPS ASEC data, and fiscal year 2008 SNAP administrative data. The September 2005 SIPP data was chosen because it is the most recent data available that includes the information on household assets and expenses necessary to simulate SNAP eligibility. The 2005 and 2006 CPS ASEC data was selected to be consistent with the SIPP data. Finally, the 2008 SNAP administrative data is most recent data of its type available. The SNAP administrative data is used to calibrate the 2005 SIPP data so the characteristics of the simulated SNAP population resemble those of the actual SNAP population in 2008.

The version of the model used in this research simulates SNAP eligibility rules in California in fiscal year 2009 and incorporates policy changes included in the 2009 American Reinvestment and Recovery Act (ARRA), California's SNAP asset and categorical eligibility policies, and California's current SSP amounts.

Below we describe some important aspects of the model. For more information on the 2009 Baseline of the MATH SIPP+ model, please see Smith (forthcoming).²

A. SNAP Unit Formation

An important step in determining SNAP eligibility is identifying which household members would be required to apply for SNAP together as a unit. SNAP applicants are more likely to be eligible and to qualify for a larger benefit if their filing unit does not include household members with relatively high assets and/or income. However, regulations require that the assets and income of certain household members be considered together when determining SNAP eligibility.

² Smith, Joel. "Technical Working Paper: Creation of the September 2009 Baseline of the 2005 MATH SIPP+ Model and Database." Washington, DC: Mathematica Policy Research, forthcoming.

A SNAP unit generally comprises everyone who lives in the same household and purchases and prepares meals together. Immediate family members, such as spouses or people under age 22 living with their parents, are almost always part of the same SNAP unit, even if they purchase and prepare meals separately. On the other hand, people who are both elderly and disabled and share meals with other household members may form a separate SNAP unit, either alone or with a spouse, under certain circumstances.

The MATH SIPP+ model uses these unit formation rules to assign individuals to a SNAP unit. If a household reports receipt of SNAP benefits in the SIPP, data on the composition of the reported SNAP units are used to form simulated SNAP units. For households that do not report receiving SNAP benefits, other information on the SIPP, such as family relationships and those in the household sharing food expenses, is used to assign individuals to simulated SNAP units. California SSI recipients are assigned to a SNAP unit but are excluded from eligibility. As a result, their assets and income are not considered in the simulated SNAP eligibility and benefit determinations.

B. Determining SNAP Eligibility

To be asset-eligible for SNAP under federal rules, most SNAP units that contain an elderly or disabled person can have no more than \$3,000 in countable assets and other SNAP units can have no more than \$2,000 in countable assets. Pure public assistance households—those in which every member receives income from SSI, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), or General Assistance—are categorically eligible for SNAP, meaning they are not subject to the asset or income tests.

The MATH SIPP+ model uses asset information reported on the SIPP to determine a SNAP unit's countable assets. Most financial assets are counted toward the SNAP asset limit, although tax-preferred retirement and education accounts are excluded. The assets of TANF and SSI recipients are also excluded from countable assets. In addition to these federal exclusions, California has not

included the value of vehicles in SNAP countable assets since 2004, and recently passed legislation that exempts households with children from the SNAP asset test entirely.

To be income-eligible for SNAP, units that are not pure public assistance must have a combined gross income under 130 percent of the federal poverty guideline and net income under 100 percent of the federal poverty guideline. SNAP units that contain an elderly or disabled person are exempt from the gross income test. Net income is calculated by subtracting certain deductions from gross income. Every SNAP unit is allowed a standard deduction, the amount of which is based on geographic location and household size. In addition, a unit may deduct shelter costs that exceed 50 percent of the unit's countable income after subtracting all other deductions. Although units with an elderly person are not subject to a cap on this deduction, in fiscal year 2010 other units cannot claim an excess shelter deduction of greater than \$459. Households may also deduct out-of-pocket medical expenses incurred by elderly or disabled members in excess of \$35 per month. Finally, households may deduct 20 percent of household earnings; the cost of dependent care incurred while other household members work, seek employment, or attend school; and legally obligated child support expenses.

Most of the income amounts used by the MATH SIPP+ model to determine SNAP income-eligibility are reported on the SIPP. However, receipt of both SSI and TANF benefits is underreported in most surveys, including the SIPP, so the model simulates eligibility, participation, and benefit amount for these programs. The SIPP also includes the information on shelter, medical, dependent care, and child support expenses needed to determine income deductions.

The benefit amount for which an eligible SNAP unit qualifies is determined by subtracting 30 percent of its net income from the maximum benefit for its unit size. Eligible SNAP units that contain only one or two people are entitled to a minimum benefit, currently \$16.

C. Simulating SNAP Participation

After SNAP eligibility is determined for each household in the database, the MATH SIPP+ model selects certain eligible SNAP households to be simulated SNAP participants. The model uses a complex selection process to ensure that the state totals and characteristics of the simulated SNAP participant population in the model baseline are similar to those seen in SNAP administrative data. The version of the MATH SIPP+ model used in this analysis was calibrated to match 2008 SNAP totals and characteristics, the most recent data available at the time.

This model can be used to estimate the effects of a policy change on SNAP eligibility, participation, and benefit levels by modifying the rules that are simulated. For instance, as part of this research, the model simulated an elimination of SSI cash-out by adding SSI recipients' income to their SNAP units' income totals and re-determining the SNAP units' eligibility and benefit amounts. For units that became newly eligible for SNAP under the new simulation, the MATH SIPP+ model predicted whether the unit would participate by using the unit's characteristics and an equation based on the characteristics of current SNAP participants. In addition, the model predicted whether eligible units that qualified for a different benefit amount under the new simulation would change their participation decisions. For instance, some eligible units that did not participate in the baseline simulation but qualified for a larger benefit under a new scenario were simulated to newly participate.

D. Four Simulation Scenarios

For this research, we first simulated a California "baseline," which incorporates post-ARRA federal SNAP rules and California's new policy of exempting households with children from the SNAP asset test. The simulation uses a maximum combined federal and state SSI/SSP benefit amount of \$845 for single people and \$1,407 for couples.

We used this baseline to conduct three "reform" simulations that estimate the effect on California SNAP eligibility, participation, and benefits of changing SNAP policies and, in one case,

California's SSP. For the first reform simulation, we ended SSI cash-out for all California households. In the second reform simulation, we first created a new baseline by lowering the maximum combined SSI/SSP for single people from \$845 to \$830, the minimum allowed by federal law, and then ended SSI cash-out for all households. For the final 'best-case scenario' reform simulation, we ended SSI cash-out only for one-person households and required participation by all newly eligible households. This reform simulation also implemented a standard medical deduction of \$124 for households with an elderly or disabled member with qualifying medical expenses of \$36–\$159 and, to maintain federally-required cost-neutrality, a \$6 reduction in the SUA for all households with utility expenses. (The medical deduction of households with medical expenses of \$160 or more remained unchanged at the amount of the medical expenses minus a threshold of \$35.)

The results of the three reform simulations are described below. In the tables that show the characteristics of households eligible for and participating in SNAP under the three reform scenarios, the characteristics displayed are of households after SSI cash-out has been ended (Tables 2, 4, and 6). In the tables that show the characteristics of households gaining or losing eligibility or benefits under the three simulations, the characteristics of newly eligible households are, again, of households after SSI cash-out is eliminated (Tables 3, 5, and 7). However, the characteristics of households losing eligibility, with higher benefits, or with lower benefits are of households before SSI cash-out is eliminated. This is to capture the effects on currently eligible households of ending SSI cash-out.

IV. FINDINGS

The estimated number of eligible and participating California households and individuals increases under all three reform simulations (Table 1). Under the first reform simulation, which ends SSI cash-out for all California households, the estimated number of SNAP eligible and participating households increases by 17 and 5 percent, respectively, and the number of eligible and participating individuals increases by 11 and 8 percent, respectively. The second reform simulation, which differs from the first only in the maximum SSI/SSP payment to single people (in both the baseline and the reform simulations), produces results very similar to the first. The third simulation, which ends SSI cash-out for only one-person households and simultaneously makes other programmatic changes, has a much larger effect on the estimated number of SNAP participants—a 48 percent increase for households and a 20 percent increase for individuals. All of these estimates are statistically significant at the 99-percent confidence level.

Table 1. Estimated Percentage Change in California SNAP Eligibility, Participation, and Benefits Under Three Reform Simulations

	Percentage Change from Baseline Under Reform Simulation					
	First Reform		Second Reform		Third Reform	
	Eligible	Participating	Eligible	Participating	Eligible	Participating
Total households	17	5	17	6	17	48
Total individuals	11	8	11	8	7	20
Total benefits	-0.3	-1	2	-0.4	3	7
Average benefit	-15	-7	-13	-6	-12	-27

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update.

Note: The first reform eliminates SSI cash-out.

The second reform lowers the maximum SSI/SSP for singles and eliminates SSI cash-out.

The third reform eliminates SSI cash-out for one-person households, implements a Standard Medical Deduction, and lowers the Standard Utility Allowance.

The effects of the reform simulations on total California SNAP benefits differ substantially across the reforms. Under the first reform simulation, the total amount of SNAP benefits for which

eligible households qualify remains essentially unchanged, but the total amount of SNAP benefits received by SNAP participants decreases by one percent (statistically significant at the 90-percent confidence level). The benefit decrease is the result of some current SNAP households becoming ineligible and others qualifying for lower SNAP benefits when the income of an SSI recipient in the household is considered in the SNAP eligibility and benefit determinations. These decreases offset the increased benefits to newly eligible SNAP households and to some current SNAP households qualifying for higher SNAP benefits under the simulation.

If a smaller California SSP benefit were in place when SSI cash-out is eliminated, households containing SSI recipients would more likely be eligible for SNAP and, if eligible, would qualify for larger SNAP benefits. This is seen in the results of the second reform simulation, which simulates this scenario: total SNAP benefits for eligible households rise by two percent (statistically significant at the 99-percent confidence level) and hold constant for participating households.

Under the third reform simulation, only one-person SSI households become eligible for SNAP, a policy that ensures currently eligible households will not lose eligibility when SSI cash-out is eliminated. In addition, all newly eligible households are simulated to participate in SNAP, so the maximum amount of newly possible benefits are delivered. The Standard Medical Deduction simulated in the third reform is set up similarly so that no household will lose SNAP eligibility or benefits due to its implementation. Conversely, the small simulated reduction in the SUA results in a very few households losing eligibility and a slight benefit reduction for households with a shelter deduction that are not already receiving the minimum or maximum benefit. Under this reform simulation, estimated total benefits increase by three and seven percent for eligible and participating SNAP households, respectively.

The estimated average SNAP benefit for eligible and participating California households decreases under all three reform simulations. The percentage decrease in average SNAP benefits for eligible households is similar across the three reform simulations, ranging between 12 and 15

percent. For participating households, however, the decrease in the average SNAP benefit under the third reform simulation (27 percent) is substantially greater than the decrease under the first and second reform simulations (7 and 6 percent, respectively). These decreases are all statistically significant at the 99-percent confidence level.

We discuss the results from each reform simulation, including the characteristics of “gainers” and “losers,” in more detail in the sections below.

A. Estimated Effects of Eliminating SSI Cash-out Under Current Regulatory Environment

This section summarizes the major effects of the first reform simulation, which eliminates SSI cash-out. More detailed results can be found in the tables in Appendix A. Table 2 presents estimated numbers of eligible and participating households and individuals after SSI cash-out is eliminated, the total benefits for which they qualify, and percentage changes from the baseline simulation. The table also shows the percentage of households with selected socioeconomic characteristics after SSI cash-out is eliminated along with average benefit and income amounts. For instance, Table 2 shows that when SSI cash-out is eliminated, an estimated 23 percent of eligible households and 17 percent of participating households contain an SSI recipient.

As mentioned, under the simulation the estimated number of eligible and participating SNAP households increases by 17 and 5 percent, respectively. However, some socioeconomic subgroups experience a disproportionately large increase relative to the overall increase. For instance, the number of eligible SNAP households qualifying for the minimum benefit increases by over 100 percent and the number of participating households receiving the minimum benefit increases by over 200 percent. This group comprises an estimated 21 and 4 percent of the eligible and participating populations, respectively.

In contrast, the number of eligible and participating households receiving the maximum benefit decreases by eight and five percent, respectively. However, this group forms a much larger share of

the participating population (37 percent) than households receiving the minimum benefit. Among eligible households, an estimated 19 percent qualify for the maximum benefit—about the same percentage as qualify for the minimum benefit.

Table 2. Estimated Numbers and Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households in an Average Month Under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out

	All California Households			
	Eligible for SNAP	Percent Change ^a	Participating in SNAP	Percent Change ^a
Total households (number in 000s)	2,678	17 ***	938	5 ***
Total individuals (number in 000s)	6,193	11 ***	2,407	8 ***
Total benefits (dollars in 000s)	597,040	0	301,370	-1 *
Percentage of Total Households				
With income from 1-100 percent of poverty	56	27 ***	67	3
With earnings	45	-1	33	3 *
With TANF	15	-2 ***	32	-2 *
With SSI	23	***	17	***
Qualifying for minimum benefit	21	134 ***	4	232 ***
Qualifying for maximum benefit	19	-8 ***	37	-5 ***
Claiming shelter deduction	50	10 ***	72	5 ***
Claiming medical deduction	11	51 ***	4	68 ***
In one-person SNAP household	44	31 ***	31	4
In two-person SNAP household	21	22 ***	25	4
In larger SNAP household	35	2	44	7 ***
With elderly members	23	89 ***	10	88 ***
With disabled nonelderly adults	13	201 ***	9	423 ***
With children	52	-2 ***	67	0
Average Amounts (Dollars)				
Monthly benefit	223	-15 ***	321	-7 ***
Monthly gross income	1,056	2 *	828	16 ***

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update.

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from numbers, total benefits, or average amounts under baseline rules.

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90 percent level of significance.

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95 percent level of significance.

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99 percent level of significance.

The number of eligible households with children decreases by two percent and the number of participating households with children remains unchanged. Despite the reduced or unchanged numbers, over half of all eligible households and two-thirds of all participating households contain at least one child. The number of eligible and participating households with earnings or with TANF does not change by more than three percent.

The average monthly benefit decreases by 15 percent to \$223 for eligible households and by 7 percent to \$321 for participating households. Average monthly gross income increases by 2 percent to \$1,056 for eligible households and by 16 percent to \$828 for participating households.

Characteristics of Households Gaining or Losing Under the First Reform Simulation.

Under the simulation to end SSI cash-out, 455,000 households become newly eligible, 61,000 become newly ineligible, and 160,000 remain eligible but qualify for higher (26,000 households) or lower (134,000 households) benefits. Table 3 shows the estimated numbers of households and individuals and total benefits for these four types of households as well as selected socioeconomic characteristics and average benefit and income amounts. While the characteristics of newly eligible households after SSI cash-out is eliminated, as in Table 2, the characteristics of the other three groups are from before SSI cash-out is eliminated and thus do not include SSI recipients.

The average monthly benefit and total benefits for which these four types of households qualify under the first reform simulation explain why total benefits for eligible households do not increase under the simulation even though the number of eligible households and individuals does increase. Under the first reform simulation, newly eligible households, which have an average benefit of \$39, qualify for a total of almost \$18 million in SNAP benefits per month, and eligible households qualifying for higher benefits (with an average benefit of \$336) qualify for an additional \$2 million per month. However, eligible households qualifying for lower benefits (with an average benefit of \$314) lose over \$13 million per month, and newly ineligible households, which have an average benefit of \$136, lose over \$8 million per month. Because the amount of lost benefits is greater than

the amount of gained benefits, the net change in total benefits under the simulation is slightly negative. (The change is not statistically significant at the 90-percent confidence level.)

Table 3. Estimated Numbers and Characteristics of California SNAP Households in an Average Month Under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, by Change in Eligibility Status and Potential Benefit

	California Households Affected by Simulation			
	Newly Eligible for SNAP	Newly Ineligible for SNAP	Still Eligible for SNAP	
			With Higher Benefit	With Lower Benefit
Total households (number in 000s)	455	61	26	134
Total individuals (number in 000s)	542	129	40	318
Total benefits (dollars in 000s)	17,939	8,300	1,972 ^a	-13,208 ^a
Percentage of Total Households				
In poverty	78	46	90	98
With earnings	5	73	14	18
With TANF	0	17	9	53
With SSI	100	0	0	0
Qualifying for minimum benefit	73	15	1	0
Qualifying for maximum benefit	3	5	77	29
Claiming shelter deduction	27	12	39	29
Claiming medical deduction	21	7	16	3
In one-person SNAP household	81	37	71	39
In two-person SNAP household	18	27	12	22
In larger SNAP household	0	36	16	38
With elderly members	60	13	18	7
With disabled nonelderly adults	34	13	6	5
With children	1	56	35	79
Average Amounts (Dollars)				
Monthly benefit	39	136	336	314
Monthly gross income	938	1,135	1,134	673

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update.

Note: Characteristics of newly eligible households are after SSI cash-out is eliminated. Characteristics of households losing eligibility, with higher benefits, or with lower benefits are before SSI cash-out is eliminated.

^a Total increase or decrease in benefits.

Not surprisingly, the characteristics of these four types of households differ substantially from each other. Of the households that become newly eligible under the simulation, 81 percent are one-person SNAP households, 60 percent contain an elderly member, and only 6 percent contain a child. By contrast, among households that become ineligible under the simulation, before they became ineligible, 37 percent were one-person SNAP households, 13 percent contained an elderly member, and 34 percent contained a child.

Among eligible households that qualify for higher benefits, before SSI cash-out was eliminated, 77 percent qualified for the maximum benefit for their household size, 71 percent were one-person SNAP households, and 35 percent contained children. Among eligible households that qualified for lower benefits, before SSI cash-out was eliminated, 29 percent were eligible for the maximum benefit, 39 percent were one-person SNAP households, and 79 percent contained children.

B. Estimated Effects of Eliminating SSI Cash-out After Lowering the Maximum Combined SSI/SSP for Single People

This section summarizes the major effects of the second reform simulation, which ends SSI cash-out after the maximum combined SSI/SSP for single people is lowered from \$845 to \$830. More detailed results can be found in the tables presented in Appendix B. The results of the second reform simulation are similar, although not identical, to the results of the first reform simulation. For instance, under the second reform simulation, an estimated 22 percent of eligible households and 17 percent of participating households contain an SSI recipient, similar to the corresponding percentages under the first reform simulation (Table 4).

Slightly more households and individuals are eligible under the second reform simulation than under the first, and slightly more households and individuals are simulated to participate. In addition, households eligible and participating under the second reform simulation have slightly lower gross incomes (\$1,047 for eligible households, \$824 for participating households) than under

Table 4. Estimated Numbers and Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households in an Average Month Under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out After Lowering the SSI/SSP for Single People

	All California Households			
	Eligible for SNAP	Percent Change ^a	Participating in SNAP	Percent Change ^a
Total households (number in 000s)	2,706	17 ***	955	6 ***
Total individuals (number in 000s)	6,291	11 ***	2,448	8 ***
Total benefits (dollars in 000s)	614,322	2 ***	307,780	0
Percentage of Total Households				
With income from 1-100 percent of poverty	58	31 ***	69	6 ***
With earnings	46	1 *	33	2 **
With TANF	15	-1 **	32	-1
With SSI	22	***	17	***
Qualifying for minimum benefit	20	109 ***	4	158 ***
Qualifying for maximum benefit	20	-7 ***	36	-4 ***
Claiming shelter deduction	51	11 ***	72	6 ***
Claiming medical deduction	11	41 ***	5	70 ***
In one-person SNAP household	43	31 ***	31	3
In two-person SNAP household	21	18 ***	26	8 *
In larger SNAP household	36	4 ***	43	7 ***
With elderly members	23	75 ***	11	79 ***
With disabled nonelderly adults	13	189 ***	10	431 ***
With children	53	0	66	0
Average Amounts (Dollars)				
Monthly benefit	227	-13 ***	322	-6 ***
Monthly gross income	1,047	0	824	15 ***

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update.

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from numbers, total benefits, or average amounts under revised baseline rules.

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90 percent level of significance.

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95 percent level of significance.

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99 percent level of significance.

the first reform simulation and qualify for slightly higher average benefits (\$227 for eligible households, \$322 for participating households). As a result, total benefits for which eligible

households qualify under the second simulation increase by two percent and total benefits for participating households remain constant. This contrasts to no change in eligible benefits under the first reform simulation and a one percent decrease in participating benefits.

As under the first reform simulation, the number of eligible and participating households qualifying for the minimum benefit increases disproportionately under the second reform simulation, although to a slightly lesser extent than under the first—109 percent for eligible households and 158 percent for participating households. Similarly, the number of eligible and participating households with a disabled nonelderly member or with an elderly member also increases substantially under the second reform simulation.

The number of eligible and participating households qualifying for the maximum benefit decreases under the second reform simulation, although the decreases were slightly less than under the first reform simulation. Unlike under the first reform simulation, the number of eligible and participating households with children remains unchanged under the second reform simulation.

Characteristics of Households Gaining or Losing Under the Second Reform Simulation.

Under the second reform simulation, fewer households become newly eligible (435,000), newly ineligible (37,000), and remain eligible but qualify for lower benefits (128,000) than under the first reform simulation (Table 5). However, more households remain eligible but qualify for higher benefits (54,000). Although fewer households become newly eligible when SSI cash-out is eliminated, more households are already eligible before SSI cash-out is ended than under the first reform simulation. This is because the lower combined SSI/SSP payment for single people under this simulation means that slightly fewer people are eligible for SSI and thus ineligible for SNAP.

The average monthly benefit and total benefits for which these types of households qualify under the second reform simulation also differ from the average and total benefits under the first reform simulation. Newly eligible households have a higher average benefit (\$58) and higher total

Table 5. Estimated Numbers and Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households in an Average Month Under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out After Lowering the SSI/SSP for Single People, by Change in Eligibility Status and Potential Benefit

	California Households Affected by Simulation			
	Newly Eligible for SNAP	Newly Ineligible for SNAP	Still Eligible for SNAP	
			With Higher Benefit	With Lower Benefit
Total households (number in 000s)	435	37	54	128
Total individuals (number in 000s)	520	70	101	310
Total benefits (dollars in 000s)	25,107	3,871	2,810 ^a	-11,560 ^a
Percentage of Total Households				
In poverty	89	37	79	96
With earnings	7	61	36	22
With TANF	0	16	19	49
With SSI	100	0	0	0
Qualifying for minimum benefit	65	23	0	0
Qualifying for maximum benefit	4	5	39	28
Claiming shelter deduction	30	15	39	32
Claiming medical deduction	19	9	8	4
In one-person SNAP household	82	47	51	38
In two-person SNAP household	16	26	21	23
In larger SNAP household	1	27	28	39
With elderly members	57	15	14	6
With disabled nonelderly adults	36	25	6	7
With children	2	44	50	79
Average Amounts (Dollars)				
Monthly benefit	58	105	294	312
Monthly gross income	872	1,105	1,104	729

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update.

Note: Characteristics of newly eligible households are after SSI cash-out is eliminated. Characteristics of households losing eligibility, with higher benefits, or with lower benefits are before SSI cash-out is eliminated.

^a Total increase or decrease in benefits.

benefits (\$25 million). Eligible households qualifying for a higher benefit have a lower average monthly benefit (\$294) but still qualify for more total additional benefits (\$3 million) than under the first reform simulation. Households that become newly ineligible have an average benefit of \$105

and lose \$4 million in total benefits, both less than under the first reform simulation. Finally, eligible households qualifying for lower benefits have an average benefit of \$312, about the same as under the first reform simulation but lose fewer total benefits (\$12 million).

Of the households that become newly eligible under the second reform simulation, 82 percent are one-person households, 57 percent contain an elderly member, and only 2 percent contain a child. Among newly ineligible households, before they became ineligible, 47 percent were one-person households, 15 percent contained an elderly member, and 44 percent contained a child. These percentages differ by one to 10 percentage points from the corresponding percentages under the first reform simulation.

The differences between the first and second reform simulations in household composition among eligible households that qualify for higher benefits are pronounced. Before SSI cash-out was eliminated under the second reform simulation, 39 percent qualified for the maximum benefit, 51 percent were in one-person SNAP households, and 50 percent contained children. On the other hand, the characteristics of eligible households that qualified for lower benefits are similar under the two simulations. Before SSI cash-out was eliminated under the second reform simulation, 28 percent were eligible for the maximum benefit, 38 percent were in one-person SNAP households, and 79 percent contained children.

C. Estimated Effects of Eliminating SSI Cash-out for One-Person Households with 100 Percent Participation by Newly Eligible Households, Implementing a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lowering the Standard Utility Allowance

This section summarizes the major effects of the third reform simulation, which eliminates SSI cash-out for one-person households with 100 percent participation by newly eligible households, implements a Standard Medical Deduction, and slightly lowers the SUA. More detailed results from the third reform simulation can be found in the tables presented in Appendix C.

The net increase in the number of eligible households under the third reform simulation is similar to the net increases in eligible households under the first two reform simulations, 17 percent (Table 6). However, the estimated number of participating households increases by almost 50 percent under the third reform simulation. This increase is much higher than under the first two reform simulations because, under the third reform simulation, all newly eligible households are simulated to participate.

The total benefits for which eligible and participating households qualify increase by three and seven percent, respectively. The seven percent increase in benefits to participants is in contrast to net decreases under the first two simulations. However, the average monthly benefit for which both eligible and participating households qualify decreases by 12 percent to \$230 and 27 percent to \$249, respectively. Fourteen percent of eligible households contain an SSI recipient as do 28 percent of participating households.

Although the characteristics of households eligible under the third reform simulation are relatively similar to those under the first reform simulation, the characteristics of participating households differ substantially. For example, the number of eligible households qualifying for the minimum benefit increases by just over 100 percent under the third reform simulation and comprises 19 percent of the eligible population, similar to corresponding results under the first reform simulation. The number of participating households qualifying for the minimum benefit under the third reform simulation, however, increases dramatically to comprise 22 percent of the participating population as opposed to 4 percent under the first reform simulation. The number of participating households with disabled nonelderly adults or with elderly members also increases substantially. Under the third reform simulation, these groups comprise 21 and 12 percent, respectively, of participating households.

Table 6. Estimated Numbers and Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households in an Average Month Under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One-Person Households, Implement a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA

	All California Households			
	Eligible for SNAP	Percent Change ^a	Participating in SNAP	Percent Change ^a
Total households (number in 000s)	2,673	17 ***	1,314	48 ***
Total individuals (number in 000s)	5,999	7 ***	2,693	20 ***
Total benefits (dollars in 000s)	613,851	3 ***	327,842	7 ***
Percentage of Total Households				
With income from 1-100 percent of poverty	57	30 ***	75	60 ***
With earnings	47	2	26	12 ***
With TANF	16	0	23	0
With SSI	14	***	28	***
Qualifying for minimum benefit	19	105 ***	22	2,421 ***
Qualifying for maximum benefit	22	2 ***	30	7 **
Claiming shelter deduction	49	8 ***	57	18 ***
Claiming medical deduction	10	43 ***	8	360 ***
In one-person SNAP household	48	43 ***	53	143 ***
In two-person SNAP household	18	1	18	4 **
In larger SNAP household	35	0	30	2 **
With elderly members	20	68 ***	21	482 ***
With disabled nonelderly adults	9	119 ***	12	806 ***
With children	54	0 **	49	2 **
Average Amounts (Dollars)				
Monthly benefit	230	-12 ***	249	-27 ***
Monthly gross income	1,007	-3 ***	761	7 ***

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update.

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from numbers, total benefits, or average amounts under revised baseline rules.

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90 percent level of significance.

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95 percent level of significance.

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99 percent level of significance.

Other groups experiencing large increases under the third reform simulation include participating households claiming a medical deduction or containing just one person. The first group

more than triples in size and encompasses eight percent of participating households compared to four percent under the first reform simulation. Over half of all participating households fall into the second group, their number increasing by over 100 percent under the third reform simulation.

The number of participating households with children increases very slightly under the third reform simulation, but since the subgroup increase is much less than the overall increase, the percentage of participating households with children drops to 49 percent.

Characteristics of Households Gaining or Losing Under the Third Reform Simulation.

Although the 17 percent increase in the number of eligible households under the third reform simulation is similar to the percent increases under the first two reform simulations, the dynamics of the increase under the third one are quite different. Because SSI cash-out is only eliminated for one-person households, currently eligible households do not lose eligibility as the result of an SSI recipient joining their SNAP filing unit as some do in the first two reform simulations. As a result, only a negligible number of households (less than 500) becomes newly ineligible (Table 7). However, two-person pure SSI households, a group that would automatically be eligible for SNAP in the absence of SSI cash-out, remain ineligible for SNAP under the third reform simulation, reducing the number of newly eligible households (389,000). Almost all of the newly eligible households are single SSI recipients, although a small number are households qualifying for a larger medical expense deduction. Some already-eligible households also qualify for a larger medical expense deduction and therefore a larger benefit (43,000). While all the newly ineligible households lose eligibility because they qualify for a smaller shelter expense deduction due to a slightly smaller SUA, most eligible households with a shelter expense deduction qualify for a slightly smaller benefit rather than lose eligibility (481,000 households).

Table 7. Estimated Numbers and Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households in an Average Month Under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One-Person Households, Implement a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA by Change in Eligibility Status and Potential Benefit

	California Households Affected by Simulation			
	Newly Eligible for SNAP	Newly Ineligible for SNAP	Still Eligible for SNAP	
			With Higher Benefit	With Lower Benefit
Total households (number in 000s)	389	*	43	481
Total individuals (number in 000s)	396	*	93	1,332
Total benefits (dollars in 000s)	14,775	8	1,227 ^a	-779 ^a
Percentage of Total Households				
In poverty	90	0	44	60
With earnings	5	0	30	72
With TANF	0	0	4	19
With SSI	95	0	0	0
Qualifying for minimum benefit	69	100	15	0
Qualifying for maximum benefit	4	0	0	0
Claiming shelter deduction	27	100	68	100
Claiming medical deduction	22	100	100	7
In one-person SNAP household	99	100	46	29
In two-person SNAP household	1	0	27	23
In larger SNAP household	0	0	26	48
With elderly members	57	0	75	16
With disabled nonelderly adults	34	100	26	5
With children	1	0	27	73
Average Amounts (Dollars)				
Monthly benefit	38	16	196	276
Monthly gross income	848	2,411	1,154	1,152

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update.

Note: Characteristics of newly eligible households are after SSI cash-out is eliminated. Characteristics of households losing eligibility, with higher benefits, or with lower benefits are before SSI cash-out is eliminated.

^a Total increase or decrease in benefits.

* Less than 500.

Newly eligible households, with an average monthly benefit of \$38, qualify for total monthly benefits of \$15 million while newly ineligible households, with an average monthly benefit of \$16,

lose benefits totaling only \$8,000. The amount of total benefits gained by households qualifying for higher benefits is just over \$1 million and the amount of total benefits lost by households qualifying for lower benefits is just under \$1 million. Before the third reform scenario was simulated, these groups of gainers and losers had average benefits of \$196 and \$276, respectively.

Among households newly eligible under the third reform simulation, 69 percent qualify for the minimum benefit, 57 percent contain an elderly member, and 34 percent contain a disabled nonelderly adult. Only one percent contains a child.

All of the households qualifying for higher benefits under the third reform simulation claim a medical expense deduction. Sixty eight percent also claim a shelter expense deduction. Among these households, only 15 percent qualify for the minimum benefit, 46 percent are one-person households, 75 percent contain an elderly member, 26 percent contain a disabled nonelderly person, and 27 percent contain a child. By contrast, all of the households qualifying for lower benefits claim a shelter expense deduction, but only 7 percent claim a medical expense deduction. Furthermore, 73 percent of these households contain a child, while only 16 percent contain an elderly person and 5 percent contain a disabled nonelderly person.

D. Summary

We estimate that the number of California households eligible for SNAP increases under a simulated elimination of SSI cash-out, as does the number of eligible individuals (Table 8). However, total benefits for which eligible households qualify remain constant and the percentage of households qualifying for the minimum benefit increases from 11 percent to 21 percent. Pure SSI households gain SNAP benefits under this policy change, while some mixed SSI households lose benefits. While most of the households losing benefits qualify for a lower SNAP benefit, others lose eligibility entirely.

If California's SSI SSP payment were reduced, SSI households would be slightly worse off. As a result, a simulated elimination of SSI cash-out under this scenario results in slightly more households

and individuals becoming eligible for SNAP than under the first simulation. Because SNAP benefits are slightly higher under this scenario, eligible households also qualify for more total benefits than before SSI cash-out is eliminated or under the first simulation. Under this scenario, fewer households lose SNAP eligibility or qualify for lower SNAP benefits and 20 percent of eligible households qualify for the minimum benefit.

Table 8. Summary of Estimated Effects of Simulations to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out on Eligible Households, Individuals, and Benefits and Percentage of Eligible Households Qualifying for the Minimum Benefit

	All Currently Eligible California Households	California Households Eligible for SNAP under Three Simulations to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out		
		With Current SSI SSP (First Simulation)	With Lower SSI SSP (Second Simulation)	For One-Person Households (Third Simulation)
Total households (number in 000s)	2,284	2,678	2,706	2,673
Total individuals (number in 000s)	5,604	6,193	6,291	5,999
Total benefits (dollars in 000s)	598,636	597,040	614,322	613,851
Percentage of households qualifying for minimum benefit	11	21	20	19

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update.

The final policy scenario eliminates SSI cash-out for most households but does not cause currently eligible SNAP households to lose eligibility. The estimated number of eligible households and individuals increases under this simulation, although not as much as under the first two simulations. The increase in total benefits is similar to the increase under the second simulation, as is the percentage of eligible households qualifying for the minimum benefit (19 percent.) While some households lose benefits under this scenario, the per-household benefit decrease is small. Furthermore, some households, all of which contain an elderly or disabled person, qualify for higher benefits under this scenario.

APPENDIX A

**DETAILED TABLES SHOWING ESTIMATED EFFECTS OF ELIMINATING SSI
CASH-OUT UNDER CURRENT REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT**

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Table A.1. Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households, FY 2009

	Households			
	Eligible		Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	2,284	100.0	889	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	334	14.6	205	23.0
1-100%	1,184	51.9	611	68.7
101-130%	623	27.3	61	6.8
131% or greater	143	6.3	13	1.4
Households with Income from				
Earnings	1,224	53.6	301	33.9
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	424	18.6	309	34.7
Social Security	376	16.5	48	5.4
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	246	10.8	11	1.3
Eligible for maximum benefit	568	24.9	361	40.6
Eligible for other benefit	1,470	64.4	516	58.1
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	1,222	53.5	641	72.1
Medical deduction	196	8.6	24	2.7
Dependent care deduction	75	3.3	23	2.6
Child support expense deduction	40	1.8	21	2.4
Household Size				
One person	891	39.0	285	32.0
Two people	471	20.6	223	25.1
More than two people	923	40.4	382	42.9
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	324	14.2	48	5.4
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	112	4.9	17	1.9
Households with children	1,428	62.5	627	70.6

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table A.2. Characteristics of Individuals in Eligible and Participating California Households by Household Characteristics, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households			
	Eligible		Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	5,604	100.0	2,237	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	609	10.9	441	19.7
1-100%	3,224	57.5	1,625	72.6
101-130%	1,532	27.3	144	6.5
131% or greater	238	4.3	26	1.2
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	3,482	62.1	773	34.6
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	1,173	20.9	887	39.7
Social Security	632	11.3	121	5.4
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	268	4.8	16	0.7
Eligible for maximum benefit	1,096	19.6	784	35.1
Eligible for other benefit	4,240	75.7	1,437	64.3
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	3,092	55.2	1,622	72.5
Medical deduction	284	5.1	35	1.6
Dependent care deduction	214	3.8	63	2.8
Child support expense deduction	93	1.7	44	2.0
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	891	15.9	285	12.7
Two people	941	16.8	446	19.9
More than two people	3,772	67.3	1,507	67.3
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	445	7.9	75	3.4
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	229	4.1	47	2.1
Households with children	4,584	81.8	1,923	86.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table A.3. Benefits for Eligible and Participating California Households by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households			
	Eligible		Participating	
	Total (\$000s)	Average Benefit (\$)	Total (\$000s)	Average Benefit (\$)
Total California Benefits	598,636	262	305,799	344
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	109,930	329	77,857	380
1-100%	389,714	329	216,839	355
101-130%	90,562	145	10,640	175
131% or greater	8,431	59	463	36
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	323,186	264	94,130	312
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	111,157	262	96,137	311
Social Security	42,212	112	12,165	256
Supplemental Security Income	0	0	0	0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	3,977	16	182	16
Eligible for maximum benefit	196,539	346	138,482	383
Eligible for other benefit	398,121	271	167,134	324
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	382,261	313	232,062	362
Medical deduction	21,892	112	5,569	230
Dependent care deduction	22,681	303	8,451	370
Child support expense deduction	12,486	310	7,143	341
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	101,881	114	47,389	167
Two people	102,203	217	60,946	273
More than two people	394,552	428	197,463	517
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	34,957	108	10,730	225
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	18,229	162	6,236	371
Households with children	479,495	336	250,589	399

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table A.4 Average Monthly Benefit, Income, and Deductions of Eligible and Participating California Households, FY 2009

	Average Value for Households (\$)	
	Eligible	Participating
Monthly Benefit	262	344
Monthly Gross Income among Households with Positive Income	1,039	713
Monthly Net Income among Households with Positive Net Income	710	494
Monthly Amount of Income Type among Households with Income Type		
Earnings	1,060	720
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	510	535
Supplemental Security Income	0	0
Social Security	862	654
Amount of Deduction among Households with Deduction		
Excess shelter deduction	276	280
Medical deduction	206	203
Dependent care deduction	211	285
Child support expense deduction	360	427

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table A.5. Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible			Participating		
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Percent Change ^a	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Percent Change ^a
Total California Households	2,678	100.0	17.2 0	938	100.0	5.5 ##
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	280	10.5	-16.0 0	184	19.7	-9.9 ##
1-100%	1,503	56.1	26.9 0	631	67.3	3.4
101-130%	707	26.4	13.5 0	102	10.9	68.3 ##
131% or greater	187	7.0	30.6 0	20	2.1	55.7 ##
Households with Income from						
Earnings	1,212	45.2	-1.0	309	33.0	2.6 ##
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	413	15.4	-2.5 0	303	32.3	-1.8 ##
Social Security	639	23.9	69.8 0	98	10.4	105.1 ##
Supplemental Security Income	615	23.0	0	158	16.8	##
Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	575	21.5	133.5 0	37	4.0	232.1 ##
Eligible for maximum benefit	522	19.5	-8.1 0	343	36.6	-5.1 ##
Eligible for other benefit	1,581	59.0	7.6 0	558	59.5	8.0 ##
Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	1,343	50.1	9.9 0	674	71.8	5.1 ##
Medical deduction	297	11.1	51.3 0	41	4.3	68.1 ##
Dependent care deduction	77	2.9	3.5 0	23	2.5	1.7
Child support expense deduction	46	1.7	14.5 0	24	2.6	16.5
Household Size						
One person	1,166	43.5	30.9 0	295	31.5	3.8
Two people	573	21.4	21.7 0	232	24.8	4.2
More than two people	939	35.1	1.8	410	43.7	7.5 ##
Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	612	22.9	89.1 0	89	9.5	87.5 ##
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	338	12.6	200.9 0	88	9.4	423.2 ##
Households with children	1,404	52.4	-1.7 0	625	66.6	-0.4

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from number eligible and number participating under baseline rules (see Table A.1)

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90% level of significance

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95% level of significance

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99% level of significance

Table A.6. Characteristics of Individuals in Eligible and Participating California Households under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible			Participating		
	Number (000s)	Percent of	Percent Change ^a	Number (000s)	Percent of	Percent Change ^a
Total California Individuals	6,193	100.0	10.5 #	2,407	100.0	7.6 ##
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	531	8.6	-12.8 #	409	17.0	-7.3 ##
1-100%	3,588	57.9	11.3 #	1,682	69.9	3.5
101-130%	1,745	28.2	13.9 #	269	11.2	86.2 ##
131% or greater	329	5.3	38.2 #	47	2.0	80.0 ##
Individuals in Households with Income from						
Earnings	3,456	55.8	-0.8	810	33.7	4.8 ##
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	1,229	19.9	4.8 #	957	39.8	7.9 ##
Social Security	1,027	16.6	62.6 #	227	9.4	87.2 ##
Supplemental Security Income	1,073	17.3	#	418	17.4	##
Individuals by Household Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	658	10.6	145.8 #	45	1.9	192.2 ##
Eligible for maximum benefit	1,028	16.6	-6.2 #	751	31.2	-4.2 ##
Eligible for other benefit	4,508	72.8	6.3 #	1,610	66.9	12.0 ##
Individuals in Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	3,296	53.2	6.6 #	1,697	70.5	4.6 ##
Medical deduction	438	7.1	54.3 #	61	2.5	71.8 ##
Dependent care deduction	223	3.6	4.3 #	67	2.8	6.4
Child support expense deduction	111	1.8	19.8 #	58	2.4	31.6
Individuals by Household Size						
One person	1,166	18.8	30.9 #	295	12.3	3.8
Two people	1,145	18.5	21.7 #	465	19.3	4.2
More than two people	3,882	62.7	2.9	1,647	68.4	9.3 ##
Individuals by Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	854	13.8	91.8 #	143	5.9	90.6 ##
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	654	10.6	185.8 #	238	9.9	407.4 ##
Households with children	4,640	74.9	1.2 #	2,027	84.2	5.4

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from number eligible and number participating under baseline rules (see Table A.2)

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90% level of significance

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95% level of significance

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99% level of significance

Table A.7. Benefits for Eligible and Participating California Households Under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible			Participating		
	Total (\$000s)	Percent Change ^a	Average Benefit	Total (\$000s)	Percent Change ^a	Average Benefit
Total California Benefits	597,040	-0.3	223	301,370	-1.4 ##	321
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	95,253	-13.4 0	340	71,838	-7.7 ##	389
1-100%	393,685	1.0	262	212,793	-1.9	337
101-130%	97,220	7.4 0	138	15,729	47.8 ##	154
131% or greater	10,881	29.1 0	58	1,009	117.9 ##	51
Benefits in Households with Income from						
Earnings	316,035	-2.2 0	261	95,159	1.1	308
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	101,660	-8.5 0	246	87,762	-8.7 ##	290
Social Security	58,255	38.0 0	91	18,463	51.8 ##	189
Supplemental Security Income	55,099	0	90	28,551	##	181
Benefits by Household Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	9,286	133.5 0	16	604	232.1 ##	16
Eligible for maximum benefit	183,663	-6.6 0	352	132,443	-4.4 ##	386
Eligible for other benefit	404,090	1.5 0	256	168,323	0.7	302
Benefits in Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	394,125	3.1 0	293	236,114	1.7 ##	350
Medical deduction	29,776	36.0 0	100	7,600	36.5 ##	187
Dependent care deduction	22,627	-0.2	292	8,251	-2.4	355
Child support expense deduction	13,655	9.4	296	8,067	12.9	331
Benefits by Household Size						
One person	101,864	0.0	87	44,930	-5.2 ##	152
Two people	103,669	1.4	181	57,456	-5.7	247
More than two people	391,507	-0.8	417	198,983	0.8	485
Benefits by Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	49,425	41.4 0	81	14,984	39.6 ##	167
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	40,112	120.0 0	119	17,385	178.8 ##	198
Households with children	463,087	-3.4 0	330	242,296	-3.3 ##	388

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from benefits for eligible and participating households under baseline rules (see

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90% level of significance

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95% level of significance

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99% level of significance

Table A.8. Average Monthly Benefit, Income, and Deductions of Eligible and Participating California Households under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Average Value for California Households Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible		Participating	
	Average (\$)	Percent Change ^a	Average (\$)	Percent Change ^a
Monthly Benefit	223	-14.9 0	321	-6.6 0
Monthly Gross Income among Households with Positive Income	1,056	1.6 0	828	16.2 0
Monthly Net Income among Households with Positive Net Income	744	4.8 0	613	24.1 0
Monthly Amount of Income Type among Households with Income Type				
Earnings	1,059	-0.1	722	0.2
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	514	0.8 0	538	0.6
Supplemental Security Income	571	0	592	0
Social Security	740	-14.2 0	613	-6.2
Amount of Deduction among Households with Deduction				
Excess shelter deduction	289	4.5 0	296	5.6 0
Medical deduction	186	-9.5 0	193	-5.0
Dependent care deduction	212	0.3	288	0.9
Child support expense deduction	331	-8.1	379	-11.1

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from average values under baseline rules (see Table A.4)

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90% level of significance

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95% level of significance

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99% level of significance

Table A.9A. Characteristics of California Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Newly Eligible and Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	455	100.0	54	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	353	77.6	53	97.8
101-130%	66	14.6	1	2.0
131% or greater	36	7.8	*	0.2
Households with Income from				
Earnings	24	5.3	1	2.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	236	51.8	24	44.7
Supplemental Security Income	455	100.0	54	100.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	334	73.5	22	41.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	14	3.0	7	13.2
Eligible for other benefit	107	23.5	25	45.8
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	123	26.9	36	65.9
Medical deduction	94	20.6	13	23.4
Dependent care deduction	2	0.4	*	0.9
Child support expense deduction	2	0.5	*	0.6
Household Size				
One person	370	81.3	53	97.5
Two people	84	18.5	1	2.5
More than two people	1	0.3	0	0.0
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	275	60.4	30	55.7
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	154	33.7	17	30.7
Households with children	6	1.3	*	0.9

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

* Less than 500

Table A.9B. Characteristics of California Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Participating		Previously Eligible and Newly Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	58	100.0	4	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	56	96.8	3	83.4
101-130%	1	2.3	*	5.3
131% or greater	1	0.9	*	11.3
Households with Income from				
Earnings	4	7.4	3	79.9
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	25	42.7	1	16.6
Supplemental Security Income	54	93.3	*	3.5
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	23	39.3	1	16.6
Eligible for maximum benefit	7	12.3	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	28	48.5	3	83.4
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	39	66.9	3	79.9
Medical deduction	13	22.5	*	11.3
Dependent care deduction	*	0.8	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	*	0.5	0	0.0
Household Size				
One person	53	91.8	1	16.6
Two people	1	2.6	*	3.5
More than two people	3	5.6	3	79.9
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	31	52.9	1	16.6
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	17	28.8	*	3.5
Households with children	4	6.6	3	83.4

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

* Less than 500

Table A.9C. Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households with Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households With Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible in Baselow		Participating in Baselow	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	26	100.0	12	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	15	56.6	5	40.4
1-100%	9	33.0	6	55.9
101-130%	1	4.0	*	2.7
131% or greater	2	6.4	*	0.9
Households with Income from				
Earnings	4	14.4	1	7.5
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	2	9.3	2	21.0
Social Security	3	12.7	1	8.4
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	*	0.9	*	0.9
Eligible for maximum benefit	20	77.0	9	77.4
Eligible for other benefit	6	22.0	3	21.7
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	10	38.6	7	59.0
Medical deduction	4	16.2	1	8.6
Dependent care deduction	1	2.8	1	6.4
Child support expense deduction	1	3.1	*	3.6
Household Size				
One person	19	71.2	7	59.3
Two people	3	12.5	2	18.8
More than two people	4	16.3	3	21.8
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	5	18.2	1	8.8
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	1	5.6	1	8.4
Households with children	9	35.3	6	49.8

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table A.10A. Characteristics of California Households Newly Ineligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Losing Eligibility under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Ineligible		Participating in Baselow	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	61	100.0	9	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	3	4.5	1	9.8
1-100%	25	41.3	7	84.5
101-130%	30	48.6	*	5.6
131% or greater	3	5.6	0	0.0
Households with Income from				
Earnings	45	73.0	3	39.1
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	11	17.2	5	59.2
Social Security	15	24.2	*	2.8
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	9	15.0	*	1.1
Eligible for maximum benefit	3	4.7	1	11.5
Eligible for other benefit	49	80.3	8	87.4
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	7	11.6	3	29.4
Medical deduction	4	6.6	1	6.1
Dependent care deduction	*	0.1	*	0.7
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Household Size				
One person	22	36.6	5	53.5
Two people	17	27.1	2	23.9
More than two people	22	36.3	2	22.6
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	8	13.0	1	7.1
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	8	13.5	*	0.8
Households with children	34	56.1	7	76.7

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table A.10B. Characteristics of California Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Not Participating		Still Eligible But No Longer Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	9	100.0	*	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	1	9.3	0	0.0
1-100%	8	85.4	*	100.0
101-130%	*	5.3	0	0.0
131% or greater	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with Income from				
Earnings	3	37.0	0	0.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	6	61.4	*	100.0
Social Security	*	2.7	0	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	*	1.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	1	10.9	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	8	88.1	*	100.0
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	3	32.7	*	91.6
Medical deduction	1	5.7	0	0.0
Dependent care deduction	*	0.7	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Household Size				
One person	5	54.6	*	72.8
Two people	2	22.6	0	0.0
More than two people	2	22.8	*	27.2
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	1	6.8	0	0.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	*	0.7	0	0.0
Households with children	7	78.0	*	100.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table A.10C. Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households with Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households With Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible under Simulation		Participating under Simulation	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	134	100.0	92	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	36	26.8	15	16.0
1-100%	96	71.3	77	84.0
101-130%	2	1.9	0	0.0
131% or greater	*	0.1	0	0.0
Households with Income from				
Earnings	24	17.7	8	8.8
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	71	53.2	67	72.6
Social Security	6	4.6	1	1.6
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	39	29.3	16	17.8
Eligible for other benefit	95	70.7	76	82.2
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	39	29.4	30	32.3
Medical deduction	4	2.7	1	1.6
Dependent care deduction	3	2.5	3	3.2
Child support expense deduction	*	0.3	*	0.2
Household Size				
One person	53	39.3	31	33.1
Two people	30	22.3	24	25.5
More than two people	52	38.5	38	41.4
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	9	6.7	2	2.7
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	7	5.0	3	3.2
Households with children	105	78.6	83	89.6

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table A.11A. Characteristics of Individuals in California Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Newly Eligible and Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	542	100.0	55	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	355	65.4	53	96.5
101-130%	127	23.4	2	3.3
131% or greater	61	11.3	*	0.2
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	32	5.8	2	3.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	291	53.7	24	44.2
Supplemental Security Income	542	100.0	55	100.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	391	72.1	22	40.2
Eligible for maximum benefit	15	2.8	8	14.0
Eligible for other benefit	136	25.1	25	45.8
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	151	27.8	37	66.2
Medical deduction	123	22.8	13	24.3
Dependent care deduction	4	0.7	*	0.8
Child support expense deduction	3	0.5	*	0.6
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	370	68.2	53	95.1
Two people	168	31.0	3	4.9
More than two people	4	0.8	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	345	63.6	31	56.7
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	178	32.8	17	29.9
Households with children	13	2.3	*	0.8

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

* Less than 500

Table A.11B. Characteristics of Individuals in California Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Participating		Previously Eligible and Newly Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	69	100.0	14	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	67	96.3	13	95.2
101-130%	2	2.9	*	1.5
131% or greater	1	0.8	*	3.3
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	15	21.1	13	93.1
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	25	36.3	1	4.8
Supplemental Security Income	56	80.3	*	2.1
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	23	33.1	1	4.8
Eligible for maximum benefit	8	11.2	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	39	55.7	13	95.2
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	50	71.6	13	93.1
Medical deduction	14	20.1	0	3.3
Dependent care deduction	*	0.7	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	*	0.4	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	53	77.0	1	4.8
Two people	3	4.3	*	2.1
More than two people	13	18.7	13	93.1
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	32	46.3	1	4.8
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	17	24.3	*	2.1
Households with children	14	19.8	13	95.2

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

* Less than 500

Table A.11C. Individuals in Households with Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households With Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible in Baselow		Participating in Baselow	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	40	100.0	19	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	25	61.0	9	46.8
1-100%	12	29.9	9	47.2
101-130%	2	5.0	1	5.4
131% or greater	2	4.2	*	0.5
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	5	12.6	2	9.9
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	4	10.6	4	22.2
Social Security	5	13.0	2	9.7
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	*	0.6	*	0.5
Eligible for maximum benefit	32	79.2	15	79.4
Eligible for other benefit	8	20.2	4	20.1
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	13	33.4	10	52.8
Medical deduction	6	14.8	2	8.9
Dependent care deduction	2	5.2	2	10.9
Child support expense deduction	1	3.3	1	4.9
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	19	46.3	7	35.7
Two people	7	16.2	4	22.7
More than two people	15	37.4	8	41.6
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	6	13.9	1	6.2
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	3	7.7	2	11.6
Households with children	22	55.7	13	67.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table A.12A. Characteristics of Individuals in California Households Newly Ineligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Losing Eligibility under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Ineligible		Participating in Baselow	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	129	100.0	15	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	4	3.2	1	8.1
1-100%	50	38.3	13	88.7
101-130%	66	50.8	*	3.3
131% or greater	10	7.8	0	0.0
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	109	84.3	8	56.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	28	21.3	10	65.6
Social Security	25	19.7	1	4.2
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	9	7.2	*	0.6
Eligible for maximum benefit	4	3.4	1	9.5
Eligible for other benefit	116	89.4	13	89.9
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	10	7.5	4	26.1
Medical deduction	6	4.4	2	10.5
Dependent care deduction	*	0.1	*	0.8
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	22	17.3	5	30.9
Two people	33	25.6	4	27.5
More than two people	74	57.0	6	41.6
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	11	8.4	2	11.1
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	17	13.0	*	1.4
Households with children	95	73.3	13	86.6

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table A.12B. Characteristics of Individuals in California Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Not Participating		Still Eligible But No Longer Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	16	100.0	1	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	1	7.7	0	0.0
1-100%	14	89.2	1	100.0
101-130%	*	3.1	0	0.0
131% or greater	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	8	53.3	0	0.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	11	67.2	1	100.0
Social Security	1	4.0	0	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	*	0.6	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	1	9.0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	14	90.4	1	100.0
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	5	28.8	1	83.7
Medical deduction	2	10.0	0	0.0
Dependent care deduction	*	0.8	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	5	31.6	*	47.1
Two people	4	26.2	0	0.0
More than two people	7	42.2	*	52.9
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	2	10.6	0	0.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	0	1.3	0	0.0
Households with children	14	87.2	1	100.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table A.12C. Households with Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households With Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible under Simulation		Participating under Simulation	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	318	100.0	227	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	49	15.5	22	9.7
1-100%	261	82.1	205	90.3
101-130%	7	2.3	0	0.0
131% or greater	*	0.1	0	0.0
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	73	23.0	24	10.4
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	186	58.4	174	76.9
Social Security	20	6.3	4	1.7
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	55	17.4	26	11.3
Eligible for other benefit	263	82.6	201	88.7
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	108	34.0	81	35.7
Medical deduction	8	2.6	4	1.7
Dependent care deduction	10	3.2	9	4.1
Child support expense deduction	1	0.4	*	0.2
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	53	16.5	31	13.5
Two people	60	18.7	47	20.7
More than two people	206	64.7	149	65.8
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	12	3.9	6	2.5
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	27	8.4	16	7.1
Households with children	287	90.2	217	95.6

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table A.13A. Benefits for Eligible California Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Newly Eligible and Participating	
	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total
Total Benefits	17,939	100.0	4,614	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	13,865	77.3	4,520	98.0
101-130%	3,002	16.7	93	2.0
131% or greater	1,072	6.0	1	0.0
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	946	5.3	243	5.3
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	9,654	53.8	2,117	45.9
Supplemental Security Income	17,939	100.0	4,614	100.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	5,398	30.1	356	7.7
Eligible for maximum benefit	3,013	16.8	1,528	33.1
Eligible for other benefit	9,528	53.1	2,730	59.2
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	11,732	65.4	4,314	93.5
Medical deduction	5,958	33.2	1,665	36.1
Dependent care deduction	192	1.1	92	2.0
Child support expense deduction	200	1.1	59	1.3
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	13,762	76.7	4,309	93.4
Two people	4,007	22.3	305	6.6
More than two people	170	0.9	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	11,469	63.9	2,864	62.1
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	5,503	30.7	1,137	24.6
Households with children	491	2.7	92	2.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

Table A.13B. Benefits for Eligible California Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Participating		Previously Eligible and Newly Participating	
	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total
Total Benefits	6,531	100.0	1,917	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	6,426	98.4	1,907	99.4
101-130%	97	1.5	3	0.2
131% or greater	9	0.1	7	0.4
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	2,129	32.6	1,886	98.4
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	2,128	32.6	11	0.6
Supplemental Security Income	4,635	71.0	21	1.1
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	367	5.6	11	0.6
Eligible for maximum benefit	1,528	23.4	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	4,636	71.0	1,907	99.4
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	6,200	94.9	1,886	98.4
Medical deduction	1,673	25.6	7	0.4
Dependent care deduction	92	1.4	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	59	0.9	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	4,320	66.1	11	0.6
Two people	325	5.0	21	1.1
More than two people	1,886	28.9	1,886	98.4
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	2,875	44.0	11	0.6
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	1,158	17.7	21	1.1
Households with children	1,998	30.6	1,907	99.4

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

Table A.13C. Benefits for Eligible and Participating California Households with Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households With Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible in Baselow			Participating in Baselow		
	Total (\$000s)	Increase (\$000s)	Percent Increase	Total (\$000s)	Increase (\$000s)	Percent Increase
Total Benefits	6,813	1,972	100.0	3,320	776	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	4,515	1,111	66.3	1,647	354	49.6
1-100%	2,029	573	29.8	1,612	387	48.6
101-130%	137	158	2.0	59	35	1.8
131% or greater	132	130	1.9	2	*	0.1
Benefits in Households with Income from						
Earnings	626	332	9.2	326	61	9.8
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	585	87	8.6	585	87	17.6
Social Security	529	305	7.8	182	110	5.5
Supplemental Security Income	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	4	18	0.1	2	0	0.1
Eligible for maximum benefit	5,908	1,532	86.7	2,829	674	85.2
Eligible for other benefit	901	422	13.2	489	102	14.7
Benefits in Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	2,037	739	29.9	1,665	420	50.1
Medical deduction	703	333	10.3	197	103	5.9
Dependent care deduction	370	64	5.4	370	64	11.1
Child support expense deduction	230	46	3.4	171	7	5.1
Benefits by Household Size						
One person	3,331	1,404	48.9	1,288	441	38.8
Two people	1,108	235	16.3	773	159	23.3
More than two people	2,374	333	34.8	1,259	176	37.9
Benefits by Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	824	333	12.1	212	101	6.4
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	367	38	5.4	268	24	8.1
Households with children	3,640	694	53.4	2,118	320	63.8

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table A.14A. Benefits for Eligible California Households Newly Ineligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Losing Eligibility under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Ineligible		Participating in Baseline	
	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total
Total Benefits	8,300	100.0	1,815	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	778	9.4	230	12.7
1-100%	4,498	54.2	1,571	86.5
101-130%	2,745	33.1	14	0.8
131% or greater	280	3.4	0	0.0
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	6,551	78.9	937	51.6
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	1,688	20.3	1,037	57.1
Social Security	672	8.1	47	2.6
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	148	1.8	1	0.1
Eligible for maximum benefit	817	9.8	270	14.8
Eligible for other benefit	7,335	88.4	1,544	85.1
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	713	8.6	388	21.4
Medical deduction	275	3.3	110	6.1
Dependent care deduction	23	0.3	23	1.3
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	1,492	18.0	608	33.5
Two people	2,389	28.8	654	36.0
More than two people	4,419	53.2	553	30.5
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	480	5.8	112	6.2
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	384	4.6	16	0.9
Households with children	6,748	81.3	1,600	88.2

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table A.14B. Benefits for Eligible California Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Not Participating		Still Eligible But No Longer Participating	
	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total
Total Benefits	1,915	100.0	99	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	230	12.0	0	0.0
1-100%	1,670	87.2	99	100.0
101-130%	14	0.7	0	0.0
131% or greater	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	937	49.0	0	0.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	1,137	59.4	99	100.0
Social Security	47	2.4	0	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	1	0.1	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	270	14.1	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	1,644	85.8	99	100.0
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	472	24.7	84	84.6
Medical deduction	110	5.8	0	0.0
Dependent care deduction	23	1.2	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	659	34.4	51	51.4
Two people	654	34.1	0	0.0
More than two people	601	31.4	48	48.6
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	112	5.8	0	0.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	16	0.8	0	0.0
Households with children	1,700	88.8	99	100.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table A.14C. Benefits for Eligible and Participating California Households With Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households With Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible under Simulation			Participating under Simulation		
	Total (\$000s)	Decrease (\$000s)	Percent Decrease	Total (\$000s)	Decrease (\$000s)	Percent Decrease
Total Benefits	42,041	13,208	100.0	29,642	9,822	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	9,384	2,199	22.3	4,142	1,120	14.0
1-100%	31,944	10,893	76.0	25,501	8,702	86.0
101-130%	712	116	1.7	0	0	0.0
131% or greater	2	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
Benefits in Households with Income from						
Earnings	8,742	2,889	20.8	3,174	1,053	10.7
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	22,451	7,896	53.4	21,192	7,325	71.5
Social Security	2,096	573	5.0	423	134	1.4
Supplemental Security Income	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	10,471	2,521	24.9	4,808	1,307	16.2
Eligible for other benefit	31,571	10,687	75.1	24,834	8,515	83.8
Benefits in Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	13,603	4,157	32.4	10,451	3,113	35.3
Medical deduction	1,057	435	2.5	562	292	1.9
Dependent care deduction	1,346	367	3.2	1,223	334	4.1
Child support expense deduction	176	59	0.4	59	22	0.2
Benefits by Household Size						
One person	8,942	3,542	21.3	4,832	2,440	16.3
Two people	8,222	3,234	19.6	6,403	2,714	21.6
More than two people	24,878	6,432	59.2	18,407	4,668	62.1
Benefits by Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	2,131	690	5.1	879	389	3.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	3,201	599	7.6	2,083	313	7.0
Households with children	36,359	11,684	86.5	27,800	9,236	93.8

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table A.15. Average Monthly Benefit, Income, and Deductions of Eligible and Participating California Households Gaining under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Average Value for California Households Gaining under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out (\$)			
	Newly Eligible or Participating		Eligible or Participating in Baselow	
	Newly Eligible	Newly Participating	Still Eligible with Higher	Still Participating with Higher
Potential Monthly Benefit	39	113	336	354
Monthly Gross Income among Households with Positive Income	938	793	1,134	1,027
Monthly Net Income among Households with Positive Net Income	707	452	429	385
Monthly Amount of Income Type among Households with Income Type				
Earnings	920	463	1,024	383
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0	422	422
Supplemental Security Income	551	476	585	573
Social Security	584	651	528	592
Amount of Deduction among Households with Deduction				
Excess shelter deduction	326	383	465	466
Medical deduction	136	172	351	270
Dependent care deduction	248	200	358	358
Child support expense deduction	223	403	359	387

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

Table A.16. Average Monthly Benefit, Income, and Deductions of Eligible and Participating California Households Losing under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Average Value for California Households Losing under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out (\$)			
	Newly Ineligible or Not Participating		Eligible or Participating under Simulation	
	Newly Ineligible	Newly Not Participating	Still Eligible with Lower	Still Participating with Lower
Potential Monthly Benefit	136	210	314	322
Monthly Gross Income among Households with Positive Income	1,135	581	673	608
Monthly Net Income among Households with Positive Net Income	813	376	440	402
Monthly Amount of Income Type among Households with Income Type				
Earnings	1,011	455	749	603
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	352	373	525	537
Supplemental Security Income	0	0	0	0
Social Security	875	728	541	289
Amount of Deduction among Households with Deduction				
Excess shelter deduction	175	106	145	133
Medical deduction	187	9	68	116
Dependent care deduction	544	544	248	274
Child support expense deduction	0	0	325	290

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table A.17. Characteristics of California Households Newly Eligible for the Minimum Benefit under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Eligible for the Minimum Benefit	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	455	100.0	334	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	353	77.6	260	77.8
101-130%	66	14.6	43	13.0
131% or greater	36	7.8	31	9.2
Households with Income from				
Earnings	24	5.3	20	6.1
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	236	51.8	166	49.5
Supplemental Security Income	455	100.0	334	100.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	334	73.5	334	100.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	14	3.0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	107	23.5	0	0.0
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	123	26.9	23	6.8
Medical deduction	94	20.6	40	12.0
Dependent care deduction	2	0.4	1	0.2
Child support expense deduction	2	0.5	1	0.4
Household Size				
One person	370	81.3	278	83.1
Two people	84	18.5	56	16.9
More than two people	1	0.3	0	0.0
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	275	60.4	194	57.9
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	154	33.7	119	35.5
Households with children	6	1.3	4	1.1

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

Table A.18. Income Distribution for California Households Newly Eligible for the Minimum Benefit under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Eligible for the Minimum Benefit	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	455	100.0	334	100.0
Countable Earned Income				
\$0	431	94.7	314	93.9
1-499	9	2.0	8	2.5
500-999	4	1.0	4	1.1
1,000 or greater	10	2.3	8	2.5
Countable Social Security				
\$0	219	48.2	169	50.5
1-199	22	4.7	13	4.0
200-399	24	5.3	19	5.8
400-599	66	14.6	43	12.9
600-799	103	22.6	77	22.9
800-999	10	2.2	6	1.9
1,000 or greater	12	2.5	7	2.1
Countable Supplemental Security Income				
\$0	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-199	114	25.0	82	24.4
200-399	76	16.6	50	15.0
400-599	31	6.9	24	7.2
600-799	180	39.5	139	41.7
800-999	13	2.8	9	2.7
1,000 or greater	41	9.1	30	9.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

APPENDIX B

**DETAILED TABLES SHOWING ESTIMATED EFFECTS OF ELIMINATING
SSI CASH-OUT AFTER LOWERING THE MAXIMUM COMBINED SSI/SSP
FOR SINGLE PEOPLE**

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Table B.1. Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households, FY 2009

	Households			
	Eligible		Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	2,308	100.0	901	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	331	14.4	205	22.7
1-100%	1,197	51.8	621	68.9
101-130%	636	27.5	62	6.9
131% or greater	144	6.3	13	1.5
Households with Income from				
Earnings	1,222	52.9	305	33.9
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	422	18.3	309	34.3
Social Security	412	17.9	57	6.3
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	254	11.0	15	1.6
Eligible for maximum benefit	567	24.6	363	40.3
Eligible for other benefit	1,487	64.4	523	58.0
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	1,239	53.7	652	72.4
Medical deduction	214	9.3	28	3.1
Dependent care deduction	75	3.3	23	2.5
Child support expense deduction	40	1.8	21	2.3
Household Size				
One person	893	38.7	288	32.0
Two people	492	21.3	227	25.2
More than two people	924	40.0	386	42.8
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	351	15.2	57	6.3
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	122	5.3	17	1.9
Households with children	1,425	61.7	631	70.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table B.2. Characteristics of Individuals in Eligible and Participating California Households by Household Characteristics, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households			
	Eligible		Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	5,660	100.0	2,270	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	606	10.7	441	19.4
1-100%	3,246	57.4	1,654	72.9
101-130%	1,566	27.7	147	6.5
131% or greater	242	4.3	27	1.2
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	3,486	61.6	788	34.7
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	1,176	20.8	895	39.4
Social Security	703	12.4	136	6.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	275	4.9	19	0.8
Eligible for maximum benefit	1,097	19.4	787	34.7
Eligible for other benefit	4,288	75.8	1,464	64.5
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	3,143	55.5	1,661	73.2
Medical deduction	325	5.7	42	1.9
Dependent care deduction	215	3.8	63	2.8
Child support expense deduction	93	1.7	44	1.9
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	893	15.8	288	12.7
Two people	983	17.4	453	20.0
More than two people	3,783	66.8	1,528	67.3
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	498	8.8	90	4.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	253	4.5	48	2.1
Households with children	4,589	81.1	1,944	85.7

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table B.3. Benefits for Eligible and Participating California Households by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households			
	Eligible		Participating	
	Total (\$000s)	Average Benefit (\$)	Total (\$000s)	Average Benefit (\$)
Total California Benefits	601,835	261	309,040	343
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	109,262	330	77,857	380
1-100%	391,025	327	219,897	354
101-130%	92,475	145	10,763	174
131% or greater	9,073	63	523	40
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	323,446	265	96,104	315
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	111,243	264	96,317	312
Social Security	47,264	115	13,436	237
Supplemental Security Income	0	0	0	0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	4,092	16	234	16
Eligible for maximum benefit	196,662	347	139,068	383
Eligible for other benefit	401,081	270	169,738	325
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	387,224	313	236,626	363
Medical deduction	25,095	117	6,269	224
Dependent care deduction	22,734	303	8,428	370
Child support expense deduction	12,540	310	7,143	341
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	101,229	113	47,574	165
Two people	105,617	215	61,773	272
More than two people	394,989	428	199,693	518
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	38,746	110	12,001	211
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	19,514	160	6,305	367
Households with children	479,364	336	252,675	401

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table B.4 Average Monthly Benefit, Income, and Deductions of Eligible and Participating California Households, FY 2009

	Average Value for Households (\$)	
	Eligible	Participating
Monthly Benefit	261	343
Monthly Gross Income among Households with Positive Income	1,043	720
Monthly Net Income among Households with Positive Net Income	712	500
Monthly Amount of Income Type among Households with Income Type		
Earnings	1,061	717
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	511	535
Supplemental Security Income	0	0
Social Security	857	661
Amount of Deduction among Households with Deduction		
Excess shelter deduction	278	281
Medical deduction	208	199
Dependent care deduction	211	285
Child support expense deduction	359	427

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table B.5. Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible			Participating		
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Percent Change ^a	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Percent Change ^a
Total California Households	2,706	100.0	17.2 ***	955	100.0	6.1 ***
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	280	10.4	-15.3 ***	184	19.3	-9.9 ***
1-100%	1,568	57.9	31.0 ***	655	68.6	5.6 ***
101-130%	672	24.8	5.6 ***	98	10.2	57.9 ***
131% or greater	186	6.9	28.6 ***	18	1.9	34.7 **
Households with Income from						
Earnings	1,237	45.7	1.2 *	313	32.8	2.4 **
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	417	15.4	-1.3 **	306	32.0	-0.9
Social Security	642	23.7	55.8 ***	108	11.3	90.0 ***
Supplemental Security Income	600	22.2	***	163	17.0	***
Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	531	19.6	109.3 ***	37	3.9	157.9 ***
Eligible for maximum benefit	530	19.6	-6.6 ***	348	36.4	-4.3 ***
Eligible for other benefit	1,645	60.8	10.6 ***	570	59.7	9.1 ***
Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	1,371	50.7	10.7 ***	692	72.4	6.1 ***
Medical deduction	302	11.2	41.4 ***	47	5.0	69.8 ***
Dependent care deduction	77	2.9	3.2 *	23	2.4	2.0
Child support expense deduction	47	1.7	17.1 **	25	2.6	17.6
Household Size						
One person	1,165	43.1	30.5 ***	298	31.2	3.3
Two people	578	21.4	17.6 ***	244	25.6	7.8 *
More than two people	962	35.6	4.2 ***	413	43.3	7.2 ***
Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	614	22.7	75.1 ***	102	10.6	79.1 ***
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	352	13.0	189.0 ***	91	9.6	430.9 ***
Households with children	1,421	52.5	-0.3	628	65.7	-0.4

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from number eligible and number participating under baseline rules (see Table B.1)

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90% level of significance

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95% level of significance

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99% level of significance

Table B.6. Characteristics of Individuals in Eligible and Participating California Households under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible			Participating		
	Number (000s)	Percent of	Percent Change ^a	Number (000s)	Percent of	Percent Change ^a
Total California Individuals	6,291	100.0	11.2 ***	2,448	100.0	7.9 ***
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	531	8.4	-12.3 ***	409	16.7	-7.3 ***
1-100%	3,737	59.4	15.1 ***	1,744	71.2	5.4 ***
101-130%	1,697	27.0	8.4 ***	256	10.5	73.8 ***
131% or greater	326	5.2	35.0 ***	39	1.6	44.3 **
Individuals in Households with Income from						
Earnings	3,545	56.4	1.7 *	825	33.7	4.7 **
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	1,245	19.8	5.8 **	971	39.6	8.5
Social Security	1,042	16.6	48.2 ***	248	10.1	81.6 ***
Supplemental Security Income	1,074	17.1	***	425	17.4	***
Individuals by Household Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	572	9.1	108.4 ***	45	1.8	141.1 ***
Eligible for maximum benefit	1,045	16.6	-4.7 ***	761	31.1	-3.3 ***
Eligible for other benefit	4,673	74.3	9.0 ***	1,642	67.1	12.2 ***
Individuals in Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	3,371	53.6	7.3 ***	1,743	71.2	4.9 ***
Medical deduction	456	7.3	40.2 ***	74	3.0	75.7 ***
Dependent care deduction	223	3.6	4.1 *	67	2.7	6.7
Child support expense deduction	115	1.8	22.8 **	58	2.4	33.2
Individuals by Household Size						
One person	1,165	18.5	30.5 ***	298	12.2	3.3
Two people	1,157	18.4	17.6 ***	489	20.0	7.8 *
More than two people	3,969	63.1	4.9 ***	1,662	67.9	8.7 ***
Individuals by Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	859	13.7	72.7 ***	167	6.8	86.7 ***
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	703	11.2	178.1 ***	247	10.1	417.5 ***
Households with children	4,709	74.9	2.6	2,041	83.4	5.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from number eligible and number participating under baseline rules (see Table B.2)

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90% level of significance

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95% level of significance

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99% level of significance

Table B.7. Benefits for Eligible and Participating California Households Under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible			Participating		
	Total (\$000s)	Percent Change ^a	Average Benefit	Total (\$000s)	Percent Change ^a	Average Benefit
Total California Benefits	614,322	2.1	227	307,780	-0.4	322
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	95,253	-12.8 ***	340	71,838	-7.7 ***	389
1-100%	409,906	4.8 ***	261	219,844	0.0	335
101-130%	97,874	5.8 ***	146	15,182	41.1 ***	155
131% or greater	11,288	24.4 ***	61	915	75.1 *	52
Benefits in Households with Income from						
Earnings	321,302	-0.7 *	260	96,172	0.1	307
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	104,197	-6.3 ***	250	90,182	-6.4 ***	295
Social Security	65,995	39.6 ***	103	22,099	64.5 ***	205
Supplemental Security Income	65,273	***	109	31,955	***	197
Benefits by Household Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	8,566	109.3 ***	16	604	157.9 ***	16
Eligible for maximum benefit	186,774	-5.0 ***	353	134,227	-3.5 ***	386
Eligible for other benefit	418,982	4.5 ***	255	172,949	1.9	303
Benefits in Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	404,702	4.5 ***	295	241,898	2.2 ***	350
Medical deduction	34,977	39.4 ***	116	9,385	49.7 ***	198
Dependent care deduction	22,720	-0.1	293	8,270	-1.9	356
Child support expense deduction	13,966	11.4	295	8,092	13.3	329
Benefits by Household Size						
One person	102,413	1.2	88	45,348	-4.7 *	152
Two people	113,700	7.7 **	197	60,848	-1.5	249
More than two people	398,209	0.8 *	414	201,584	0.9	488
Benefits by Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	58,679	51.4 ***	96	18,579	54.8 ***	183
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	45,168	131.5 ***	128	19,047	202.1 ***	209
Households with children	469,170	-2.1 ***	330	244,933	-3.1 ***	390

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from benefits for eligible and participating households under baseline rules (see

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90% level of significance

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95% level of significance

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99% level of significance

Table B.8. Average Monthly Benefit, Income, and Deductions of Eligible and Participating California Households under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Average Value for California Households Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible		Participating	
	Average (\$)	Percent Change ^a	Average (\$)	Percent Change ^a
Monthly Benefit	227	-12.9 ***	322	-6.1 ***
Monthly Gross Income among Households with Positive Income	1,047	0.4	824	14.5 ***
Monthly Net Income among Households with Positive Net Income	732	2.8 **	604	20.9 ***
Monthly Amount of Income Type among Households with Income Type				
Earnings	1,063	0.2	726	1.2
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	512	0.3	536	0.2
Supplemental Security Income	537	***	578	***
Social Security	739	-13.9 ***	590	-10.7 ***
Amount of Deduction among Households with Deduction				
Excess shelter deduction	290	4.1 ***	296	5.5 ***
Medical deduction	186	-10.5 ***	205	2.9
Dependent care deduction	212	0.3	288	1.2
Child support expense deduction	328	-8.5	379	-11.1

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from average values under baseline rules (see Table A.4)

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90% level of significance

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95% level of significance

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99% level of significance

Table B.9A. Characteristics of California Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Newly Eligible and Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	435	100.0	60	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	386	88.7	59	98.7
101-130%	14	3.2	1	1.1
131% or greater	35	8.1	*	0.1
Households with Income from				
Earnings	29	6.7	1	2.3
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	*	0.1	0	0.0
Social Security	207	47.7	26	43.0
Supplemental Security Income	435	100.0	60	100.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	282	64.8	19	31.2
Eligible for maximum benefit	18	4.1	9	15.5
Eligible for other benefit	135	31.1	32	53.3
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	129	29.6	43	72.5
Medical deduction	82	18.9	16	26.8
Dependent care deduction	2	0.4	*	0.8
Child support expense deduction	2	0.6	*	0.5
Household Size				
One person	358	82.4	50	83.5
Two people	70	16.1	10	16.3
More than two people	6	1.4	*	0.2
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	250	57.4	34	56.3
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	156	36.0	18	30.4
Households with children	7	1.7	1	0.9

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

* Less than 500

Table B.9B. Characteristics of California Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Participating		Previously Eligible and Newly Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	62	100.0	2	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	59	95.6	*	5.1
101-130%	2	3.6	2	73.2
131% or greater	1	0.9	*	21.8
Households with Income from				
Earnings	3	4.3	1	61.1
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	1	1.9	1	54.7
Social Security	27	42.9	1	38.9
Supplemental Security Income	61	98.7	1	61.1
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	19	31.4	1	38.9
Eligible for maximum benefit	9	15.0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	33	53.6	1	61.1
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	44	70.2	*	5.1
Medical deduction	17	26.9	1	30.1
Dependent care deduction	*	0.7	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	*	0.5	0	0.0
Household Size				
One person	51	82.0	1	38.9
Two people	10	15.8	0	0.0
More than two people	1	2.2	1	61.1
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	35	55.9	1	45.3
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	18	29.6	*	6.4
Households with children	2	2.8	1	54.7

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

* Less than 500

Table B.9C. Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households with Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households With Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible in Baselow		Participating in Baselow	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	54	100.0	26	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	16	29.4	5	18.6
1-100%	26	49.4	21	78.3
101-130%	9	17.6	1	2.7
131% or greater	2	3.6	*	0.4
Households with Income from				
Earnings	19	35.8	7	25.6
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	10	19.2	9	34.8
Social Security	7	13.7	4	14.3
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	*	0.3	*	0.4
Eligible for maximum benefit	21	39.5	9	36.2
Eligible for other benefit	32	60.3	17	63.5
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	21	39.4	14	53.3
Medical deduction	4	7.9	2	6.2
Dependent care deduction	1	1.9	1	2.8
Child support expense deduction	1	1.3	*	1.6
Household Size				
One person	27	50.7	12	47.6
Two people	11	21.3	7	26.2
More than two people	15	28.0	7	26.2
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	8	14.3	3	12.4
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	3	5.8	1	5.2
Households with children	27	50.0	16	59.3

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table B.10A. Characteristics of California Households Newly Ineligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Losing Eligibility under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Ineligible		Participating in Baselow	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	37	100.0	7	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	2	4.6	1	11.5
1-100%	12	32.4	5	81.2
101-130%	22	60.6	*	7.2
131% or greater	1	2.4	0	0.0
Households with Income from				
Earnings	23	60.8	2	30.7
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	6	15.9	3	51.7
Social Security	14	37.1	*	3.6
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	8	22.6	*	1.4
Eligible for maximum benefit	2	4.9	1	12.7
Eligible for other benefit	27	72.6	6	85.9
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	6	15.2	2	32.8
Medical deduction	3	8.8	1	7.8
Dependent care deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Household Size				
One person	17	47.1	4	61.1
Two people	10	25.7	2	26.5
More than two people	10	27.2	1	12.4
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	6	14.9	1	9.1
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	9	25.0	*	1.0
Households with children	16	43.8	5	72.1

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table B.10B. Characteristics of California Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Not Participating		Still Eligible But No Longer Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	7	100.0	*	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	1	10.8	0	0.0
1-100%	6	82.4	*	100.0
101-130%	*	6.8	0	0.0
131% or greater	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with Income from				
Earnings	2	28.8	0	0.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	4	54.7	*	100.0
Social Security	*	3.4	0	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	*	1.3	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	1	12.0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	6	86.8	*	100.0
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	3	37.0	*	100.0
Medical deduction	1	7.3	0	0.0
Dependent care deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Household Size				
One person	4	62.2	*	79.5
Two people	2	24.9	0	0.0
More than two people	1	12.9	*	20.5
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	1	8.6	0	0.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	*	0.9	0	0.0
Households with children	5	73.9	*	100.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table B.10C. Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households with Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households With Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible under Simulation		Participating under Simulation	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	128	100.0	84	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	33	26.1	15	17.5
1-100%	90	70.2	69	82.5
101-130%	5	3.7	0	0.0
131% or greater	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with Income from				
Earnings	28	21.8	8	9.5
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	63	49.5	59	70.1
Social Security	9	7.1	2	2.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	36	28.2	16	19.2
Eligible for other benefit	92	71.8	68	80.8
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	40	31.6	29	35.2
Medical deduction	6	4.4	1	1.7
Dependent care deduction	3	2.6	3	3.6
Child support expense deduction	*	0.3	*	0.2
Household Size				
One person	48	37.6	28	34.1
Two people	29	23.0	21	25.1
More than two people	50	39.4	34	40.8
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	8	6.4	3	3.3
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	9	7.0	3	3.5
Households with children	101	79.2	74	88.5

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table B.11A. Characteristics of Individuals in California Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Newly Eligible and Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	520	100.0	70	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	430	82.7	69	98.3
101-130%	27	5.2	1	1.5
131% or greater	63	12.1	*	0.1
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	47	9.0	2	3.4
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	1	0.2	0	0.0
Social Security	245	47.1	32	45.1
Supplemental Security Income	520	100.0	70	100.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	297	57.2	19	26.7
Eligible for maximum benefit	23	4.4	12	17.1
Eligible for other benefit	199	38.4	39	56.2
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	165	31.7	52	74.2
Medical deduction	103	19.8	21	29.9
Dependent care deduction	3	0.6	*	0.7
Child support expense deduction	3	0.6	*	0.4
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	358	68.9	50	71.6
Two people	140	27.0	20	28.0
More than two people	22	4.2	*	0.4
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	304	58.4	43	61.8
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	189	36.3	19	26.5
Households with children	19	3.7	1	1.1

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

* Less than 500

Table B.11B. Characteristics of Individuals in California Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Participating		Previously Eligible and Newly Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	77	100.0	7	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	69	89.8	*	4.6
101-130%	7	9.5	6	88.9
131% or greater	1	0.7	*	6.6
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	9	11.1	6	88.3
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	6	7.5	6	82.5
Social Security	32	42.1	1	11.7
Supplemental Security Income	76	98.9	6	88.3
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	19	25.4	1	11.7
Eligible for maximum benefit	12	15.5	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	45	59.1	6	88.3
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	52	67.9	0	4.6
Medical deduction	22	28.1	1	9.9
Dependent care deduction	*	0.6	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	*	0.4	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	51	66.2	1	11.7
Two people	20	25.4	0	0.0
More than two people	6	8.4	6	88.3
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	44	57.8	1	17.5
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	19	24.6	*	5.8
Households with children	7	8.5	6	82.5

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

* Less than 500

Table B.11C. Individuals in Households with Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households With Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible in Baselow		Participating in Baselow	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	101	100.0	50	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	26	25.3	9	18.6
1-100%	49	48.0	39	78.4
101-130%	21	21.2	1	2.8
131% or greater	6	5.5	*	0.2
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	45	44.6	16	32.8
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	25	24.5	20	40.3
Social Security	11	10.5	5	9.7
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	*	0.1	*	0.2
Eligible for maximum benefit	33	32.5	16	31.7
Eligible for other benefit	68	67.3	34	68.1
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	37	36.6	27	53.2
Medical deduction	7	6.4	2	4.7
Dependent care deduction	3	2.6	2	4.2
Child support expense deduction	1	1.2	1	1.9
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	27	26.7	12	24.8
Two people	23	22.5	14	27.3
More than two people	51	50.7	24	47.9
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	9	9.0	3	6.8
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	6	5.7	3	5.2
Households with children	71	69.7	39	77.2

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table B.12A. Characteristics of Individuals in California Households Newly Ineligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Losing Eligibility under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Ineligible		Participating in Baselow	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	70	100.0	10	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	2	3.1	1	10.3
1-100%	19	27.4	9	85.0
101-130%	47	67.6	*	4.7
131% or greater	1	1.9	0	0.0
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	53	76.2	5	44.3
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	13	18.6	6	54.3
Social Security	23	33.5	1	6.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	8	11.9	*	0.9
Eligible for maximum benefit	2	3.2	1	11.1
Eligible for other benefit	59	84.8	9	88.0
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	8	10.9	4	33.8
Medical deduction	5	6.9	2	15.1
Dependent care deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	17	24.9	4	39.6
Two people	19	27.1	4	34.4
More than two people	34	48.0	3	26.1
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	8	11.0	2	16.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	18	25.8	*	2.0
Households with children	43	61.4	9	82.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table B.12B. Characteristics of Individuals in California Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Not Participating		Still Eligible But No Longer Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	11	100.0	1	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	1	9.7	0	0.0
1-100%	9	85.9	1	100.0
101-130%	*	4.4	0	0.0
131% or greater	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	5	41.7	0	0.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	6	56.9	1	100.0
Social Security	1	5.7	0	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	*	0.8	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	1	10.5	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	10	88.7	1	100.0
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	4	37.6	1	100.0
Medical deduction	2	14.2	0	0.0
Dependent care deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	4	40.5	*	56.3
Two people	4	32.4	0	0.0
More than two people	3	27.1	*	43.7
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	2	15.1	0	0.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	0	1.8	0	0.0
Households with children	9	83.0	1	100.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table B.12C. Households with Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households With Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible under Simulation		Participating under Simulation	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	310	100.0	204	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	47	15.0	22	10.7
1-100%	247	79.6	183	89.3
101-130%	17	5.4	0	0.0
131% or greater	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	90	28.9	24	11.6
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	165	53.3	153	74.6
Social Security	29	9.5	4	2.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	52	16.7	25	12.3
Eligible for other benefit	258	83.3	179	87.7
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	115	37.1	80	39.3
Medical deduction	16	5.2	4	1.9
Dependent care deduction	10	3.3	9	4.5
Child support expense deduction	1	0.4	*	0.2
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	48	15.5	28	13.9
Two people	59	19.0	42	20.5
More than two people	203	65.6	134	65.6
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	12	3.8	6	3.1
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	35	11.4	16	7.8
Households with children	281	90.5	194	95.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table B.13A. Benefits for Eligible California Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Newly Eligible and Participating	
	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total
Total Benefits	25,107	100.0	6,986	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	23,097	92.0	6,874	98.4
101-130%	898	3.6	111	1.6
131% or greater	1,112	4.4	1	0.0
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	1,531	6.1	339	4.8
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	32	0.1	0	0.0
Social Security	11,901	47.4	3,509	50.2
Supplemental Security Income	25,107	100.0	6,986	100.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	4,548	18.1	301	4.3
Eligible for maximum benefit	4,431	17.6	2,298	32.9
Eligible for other benefit	16,128	64.2	4,387	62.8
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	15,964	63.6	6,516	93.3
Medical deduction	7,997	31.9	2,723	39.0
Dependent care deduction	179	0.7	92	1.3
Child support expense deduction	249	1.0	60	0.9
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	13,795	54.9	4,380	62.7
Two people	10,469	41.7	2,592	37.1
More than two people	842	3.4	15	0.2
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	16,529	65.8	4,912	70.3
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	7,382	29.4	1,390	19.9
Households with children	837	3.3	107	1.5

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

Table B.13B. Benefits for Eligible California Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Participating		Previously Eligible and Newly Participating	
	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total
Total Benefits	7,224	100.0	238	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	6,910	95.7	35	14.9
101-130%	305	4.2	195	82.0
131% or greater	9	0.1	7	3.1
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	563	7.8	224	94.4
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	184	2.5	184	77.2
Social Security	3,522	48.8	13	5.6
Supplemental Security Income	7,211	99.8	224	94.4
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	315	4.4	13	5.6
Eligible for maximum benefit	2,298	31.8	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	4,611	63.8	224	94.4
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	6,552	90.7	35	14.9
Medical deduction	2,738	37.9	15	6.4
Dependent care deduction	92	1.3	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	60	0.8	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	4,393	60.8	13	5.6
Two people	2,592	35.9	0	0.0
More than two people	239	3.3	224	94.4
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	4,966	68.7	54	22.8
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	1,431	19.8	41	17.2
Households with children	290	4.0	184	77.2

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

Table B.13C. Benefits for Eligible and Participating California Households with Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households With Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible in Baselow			Participating in Baselow		
	Total (\$000s)	Increase (\$000s)	Percent Increase	Total (\$000s)	Increase (\$000s)	Percent Increase
Total Benefits	12,941	2,810	100.0	7,315	1,258	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	4,741	1,259	36.6	1,709	399	23.4
1-100%	6,544	1,236	50.6	5,508	821	75.3
101-130%	1,429	285	11.0	96	38	1.3
131% or greater	227	30	1.8	2	*	0.0
Benefits in Households with Income from						
Earnings	4,263	545	32.9	2,321	148	31.7
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	2,626	429	20.3	2,465	407	33.7
Social Security	1,036	348	8.0	445	132	6.1
Supplemental Security Income	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	2	3	0.0	2	1	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	6,142	1,765	47.5	2,957	807	40.4
Eligible for other benefit	6,796	1,042	52.5	4,356	451	59.6
Benefits in Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	4,944	801	38.2	3,931	551	53.7
Medical deduction	739	343	5.7	265	121	3.6
Dependent care deduction	445	73	3.4	370	67	5.1
Child support expense deduction	225	44	1.7	171	10	2.3
Benefits by Household Size						
One person	4,240	1,569	32.8	1,947	651	26.6
Two people	3,091	696	23.9	1,979	329	27.1
More than two people	5,610	546	43.4	3,390	278	46.3
Benefits by Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	1,146	348	8.9	412	123	5.6
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	634	64	4.9	322	29	4.4
Households with children	8,496	1,418	65.7	5,559	688	76.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table B.14A. Benefits for Eligible California Households Newly Ineligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Losing Eligibility under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Ineligible		Participating in Baseline	
	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total
Total Benefits	3,871	100.0	1,321	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	421	10.9	205	15.5
1-100%	1,741	45.0	1,102	83.4
101-130%	1,681	43.4	14	1.1
131% or greater	28	0.7	0	0.0
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	2,651	68.5	554	42.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	919	23.7	613	46.4
Social Security	568	14.7	47	3.5
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	135	3.5	1	0.1
Eligible for maximum benefit	437	11.3	221	16.7
Eligible for other benefit	3,298	85.2	1,099	83.2
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	455	11.8	326	24.7
Medical deduction	211	5.5	110	8.4
Dependent care deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	1,082	28.0	539	40.8
Two people	979	25.3	568	43.0
More than two people	1,809	46.7	214	16.2
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	304	7.8	112	8.5
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	397	10.3	16	1.2
Households with children	2,989	77.2	1,127	85.3

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table B.14B. Benefits for Eligible California Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Not Participating		Still Eligible But No Longer Participating	
	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total
Total Benefits	1,405	100.0	84	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	205	14.6	0	0.0
1-100%	1,186	84.4	84	100.0
101-130%	14	1.0	0	0.0
131% or greater	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	554	39.5	0	0.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	697	49.6	84	100.0
Social Security	47	3.3	0	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	1	0.1	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	221	15.7	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	1,183	84.2	84	100.0
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	411	29.2	84	100.0
Medical deduction	110	7.9	0	0.0
Dependent care deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	590	42.0	51	60.7
Two people	568	40.4	0	0.0
More than two people	247	17.6	33	39.3
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	112	8.0	0	0.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	16	1.1	0	0.0
Households with children	1,211	86.2	84	100.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table B.14C. Benefits for Eligible and Participating California Households With Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households With Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible under Simulation			Participating under Simulation		
	Total (\$000s)	Decrease (\$000s)	Percent Decrease	Total (\$000s)	Decrease (\$000s)	Percent Decrease
Total Benefits	39,832	11,560	100.0	26,897	8,338	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	8,847	1,944	22.2	4,105	1,050	15.3
1-100%	29,758	9,466	74.7	22,792	7,287	84.7
101-130%	1,227	150	3.1	0	0	0.0
131% or greater	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
Benefits in Households with Income from						
Earnings	9,804	2,845	24.6	3,150	964	11.7
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	19,894	6,589	49.9	18,561	6,028	69.0
Social Security	2,541	570	6.4	412	118	1.5
Supplemental Security Income	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	9,785	2,171	24.6	4,705	1,182	17.5
Eligible for other benefit	30,047	9,389	75.4	22,191	7,155	82.5
Benefits in Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	13,726	3,819	34.5	10,317	2,872	38.4
Medical deduction	1,482	448	3.7	562	283	2.1
Dependent care deduction	1,346	350	3.4	1,223	317	4.5
Child support expense deduction	176	56	0.4	59	21	0.2
Benefits by Household Size						
One person	8,013	2,923	20.1	4,535	2,120	16.9
Two people	7,920	2,896	19.9	5,694	2,227	21.2
More than two people	23,899	5,740	60.0	16,667	3,990	62.0
Benefits by Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	1,864	538	4.7	916	376	3.4
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	3,626	592	9.1	2,083	301	7.7
Households with children	34,744	10,391	87.2	25,083	7,839	93.3

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table B.15. Average Monthly Benefit, Income, and Deductions of Eligible and Participating California Households Gaining under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Average Value for California Households Gaining under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out (\$)			
	Newly Eligible or Participating		Eligible or Participating in Baselow	
	Newly Eligible	Newly Participating	Still Eligible with Higher	Still Participating with Higher
Potential Monthly Benefit	58	117	294	327
Monthly Gross Income among Households with Positive Income	872	821	1,104	938
Monthly Net Income among Households with Positive Net Income	640	469	661	537
Monthly Amount of Income Type among Households with Income Type				
Earnings	1,034	1069	913	462
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	121	276	444	466
Supplemental Security Income	514	509	520	508
Social Security	547	538	566	522
Amount of Deduction among Households with Deduction				
Excess shelter deduction	326	380	344	305
Medical deduction	125	211	228	257
Dependent care deduction	194	200	422	358
Child support expense deduction	216	403	363	387

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

Table B.16. Average Monthly Benefit, Income, and Deductions of Eligible and Participating California Households Losing under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Average Value for California Households Losing under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out (\$)			
	Newly Ineligible or Not Participating		Eligible or Participating under Simulation	
	Newly Ineligible	Newly Not Participating	Still Eligible with Lower	Still Participating with Lower
Potential Monthly Benefit	105	196	312	322
Monthly Gross Income among Households with Positive Income	1,105	525	729	614
Monthly Net Income among Households with Positive Net Income	810	326	475	398
Monthly Amount of Income Type among Households with Income Type				
Earnings	906	373	830	608
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	382	359	518	533
Supplemental Security Income	0	0	0	0
Social Security	882	728	597	211
Amount of Deduction among Households with Deduction				
Excess shelter deduction	199	108	138	133
Medical deduction	169	9	114	116
Dependent care deduction	0	0	248	274
Child support expense deduction	0	0	325	290

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table B.17. Characteristics of California Households Newly Eligible for the Minimum Benefit under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Eligible for the Minimum Benefit	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	435	100.0	282	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	386	88.7	250	88.9
101-130%	14	3.2	6	2.2
131% or greater	35	8.1	25	8.9
Households with Income from				
Earnings	29	6.7	18	6.3
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.1	0	0.0
Social Security	207	47.7	133	47.3
Supplemental Security Income	435	100.0	282	100.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	282	64.8	282	100.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	18	4.1	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	135	31.1	0	0.0
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	129	29.6	15	5.3
Medical deduction	82	18.9	30	10.5
Dependent care deduction	2	0.4	1	0.3
Child support expense deduction	2	0.6	1	0.4
Household Size				
One person	358	82.4	266	94.4
Two people	70	16.1	16	5.6
More than two people	6	1.4	0	0.0
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	250	57.4	149	53.1
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	156	36.0	110	39.1
Households with children	7	1.7	3	1.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

Table B.18. Income Distribution for California Households Newly Eligible for the Minimum Benefit under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out, FY 2009

	Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Eligible for the Minimum Benefit	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	435	100.0	282	100.0
Countable Earned Income				
\$0	406	93.3	264	93.7
1-499	9	2.0	7	2.5
500-999	4	0.9	3	1.1
1,000 or greater	16	3.7	8	2.8
Countable Social Security				
\$0	227	52.3	148	52.7
1-199	19	4.3	5	1.7
200-399	24	5.5	17	6.1
400-599	65	15.1	41	14.6
600-799	96	22.1	68	24.0
800-999	1	0.2	1	0.2
1,000 or greater	2	0.4	2	0.7
Countable Supplemental Security Income				
\$0	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-199	111	25.6	73	26.0
200-399	70	16.1	44	15.5
400-599	31	7.1	22	7.9
600-799	206	47.4	133	47.2
800-999	5	1.1	4	1.5
1,000 or greater	12	2.7	5	1.9

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$830 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

APPENDIX C

**DETAILED TABLES SHOWING ESTIMATED EFFECTS OF ELIMINATING
SSI CASH-OUT FOR ONE-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS WITH 100 PERCENT
PARTICIPATION BY NEWLY ELIGIBLE HOUSEHOLDS, IMPLEMENTING A
STANDARD MEDICAL DEDUCTION, AND LOWERING THE STANDARD
UTILITY ALLOWANCE**

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Table C.1. Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households, FY 2009

	Households			
	Eligible		Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	2,284	100.0	889	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	334	14.6	205	23.0
1-100%	1,184	51.9	611	68.7
101-130%	623	27.3	61	6.8
131% or greater	143	6.3	13	1.4
Households with Income from				
Earnings	1,224	53.6	301	33.9
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	424	18.6	309	34.7
Social Security	376	16.5	48	5.4
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	246	10.8	11	1.3
Eligible for maximum benefit	568	24.9	361	40.6
Eligible for other benefit	1,470	64.4	516	58.1
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	1,222	53.5	641	72.1
Medical deduction	196	8.6	24	2.7
Dependent care deduction	75	3.3	23	2.6
Child support expense deduction	40	1.8	21	2.4
Household Size				
One person	891	39.0	285	32.0
Two people	471	20.6	223	25.1
More than two people	923	40.4	382	42.9
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	324	14.2	48	5.4
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	112	4.9	17	1.9
Households with children	1,428	62.5	627	70.6

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table C.2. Characteristics of Individuals in Eligible and Participating California Households by Household Characteristics, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households			
	Eligible		Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	5,604	100.0	2,237	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	609	10.9	441	19.7
1-100%	3,224	57.5	1,625	72.6
101-130%	1,532	27.3	144	6.5
131% or greater	238	4.3	26	1.2
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	3,482	62.1	773	34.6
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	1,173	20.9	887	39.7
Social Security	632	11.3	121	5.4
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	268	4.8	16	0.7
Eligible for maximum benefit	1,096	19.6	784	35.1
Eligible for other benefit	4,240	75.7	1,437	64.3
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	3,092	55.2	1,622	72.5
Medical deduction	284	5.1	35	1.6
Dependent care deduction	214	3.8	63	2.8
Child support expense deduction	93	1.7	44	2.0
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	891	15.9	285	12.7
Two people	941	16.8	446	19.9
More than two people	3,772	67.3	1,507	67.3
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	445	7.9	75	3.4
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	229	4.1	47	2.1
Households with children	4,584	81.8	1,923	86.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table C.3. Benefits for Eligible and Participating California Households by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households			
	Eligible		Participating	
	Total (\$000s)	Average Benefit (\$)	Total (\$000s)	Average Benefit (\$)
Total California Benefits	598,636	262	305,799	344
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	109,930	329	77,857	380
1-100%	389,714	329	216,839	355
101-130%	90,562	145	10,640	175
131% or greater	8,431	59	463	36
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	323,186	264	94,130	312
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	111,157	262	96,137	311
Social Security	42,212	112	12,165	256
Supplemental Security Income	0	0	0	0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	3,977	16	182	16
Eligible for maximum benefit	196,539	346	138,482	383
Eligible for other benefit	398,121	271	167,134	324
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	382,261	313	232,062	362
Medical deduction	21,892	112	5,569	230
Dependent care deduction	22,681	303	8,451	370
Child support expense deduction	12,486	310	7,143	341
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	101,881	114	47,389	167
Two people	102,203	217	60,946	273
More than two people	394,552	428	197,463	517
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	34,957	108	10,730	225
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	18,229	162	6,236	371
Households with children	479,495	336	250,589	399

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table C.4 Average Monthly Benefit, Income, and Deductions of Eligible and Participating California Households, FY 2009

	Average Value for Households (\$)	
	Eligible	Participating
Monthly Benefit	262	344
Monthly Gross Income among Households with Positive Income	1,039	713
Monthly Net Income among Households with Positive Net Income	710	494
Monthly Amount of Income Type among Households with Income Type		
Earnings	1,060	720
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	510	535
Supplemental Security Income	0	0
Social Security	862	654
Amount of Deduction among Households with Deduction		
Excess shelter deduction	276	280
Medical deduction	206	203
Dependent care deduction	211	285
Child support expense deduction	360	427

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table C.5. Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Households Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible			Participating		
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Percent Change ^a	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Percent Change ^a
Total California Households	2,673	100.0	17.0 ***	1,314	100.0	47.8 ***
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	334	12.5	0.0	215	16.3	4.9
1-100%	1,536	57.5	29.7 ***	980	74.6	60.4 ***
101-130%	638	23.9	2.5 ***	84	6.4	37.8 ***
131% or greater	165	6.2	14.9 ***	36	2.7	180.9 ***
Households with Income from						
Earnings	1,244	46.5	1.6	338	25.7	12.1 ***
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	424	15.9	0.0	309	23.5	0.0
Social Security	576	21.5	52.9 ***	256	19.5	438.4 ***
Supplemental Security Income	370	13.8	***	370	28.1	***
Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	506	18.9	105.5 ***	284	21.6	2,420.7 ***
Eligible for maximum benefit	582	21.8	2.5 ***	388	29.5	7.3 **
Eligible for other benefit	1,585	59.3	7.8 ***	642	48.9	24.4 ***
Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	1,316	49.2	7.6 ***	754	57.4	17.6 ***
Medical deduction	280	10.5	42.6 ***	111	8.5	360.4 ***
Dependent care deduction	76	2.8	1.3	24	1.8	4.1
Child support expense deduction	42	1.6	5.0 *	23	1.8	10.4 **
Household Size						
One person	1,274	47.7	43.1 ***	692	52.7	143.2 ***
Two people	475	17.8	0.8	232	17.6	3.9 **
More than two people	924	34.6	0.1	391	29.7	2.4 **
Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	545	20.4	68.3 ***	278	21.1	482.2 ***
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	246	9.2	118.8 ***	152	11.6	805.7 ***
Households with children	1,430	53.5	0.1 **	639	48.6	1.9

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from number eligible and number participating under baseline rules (see Table C.1)

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90% level of significance

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95% level of significance

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99% level of significance

Table C.6. Characteristics of Individuals in Eligible and Participating California Households under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible			Participating		
	Number (000s)	Percent of	Percent Change ^a	Number (000s)	Percent of	Percent Change ^a
Total California Individuals	5,999	100.0	7.1 ***	2,693	100.0	20.4 ***
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	609	10.2	0.0	453	16.8	2.6
1-100%	3,576	59.6	10.9 ***	2,015	74.8	24.0 ***
101-130%	1,549	25.8	1.1 ***	170	6.3	17.7 ***
131% or greater	265	4.4	11.2 ***	55	2.0	110.6 ***
Individuals in Households with Income from						
Earnings	3,504	58.4	0.6	834	31.0	7.9 ***
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	1,173	19.6	0.0	887	33.0	0.0
Social Security	836	13.9	32.2 ***	336	12.5	176.8 ***
Supplemental Security Income	370	6.2	***	370	13.7	***
Individuals by Household Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	527	8.8	97.1 ***	288	10.7	1,754.5 ***
Eligible for maximum benefit	1,110	18.5	1.2 ***	814	30.2	3.8 **
Eligible for other benefit	4,362	72.7	2.9 ***	1,591	59.1	10.7 ***
Individuals in Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	3,175	52.9	2.7 ***	1,748	64.9	7.7 ***
Medical deduction	374	6.2	31.9 ***	130	4.8	266.1 ***
Dependent care deduction	215	3.6	0.4	64	2.4	1.5
Child support expense deduction	95	1.6	2.2 *	46	1.7	4.9 **
Individuals by Household Size						
One person	1,274	21.2	43.1 ***	692	25.7	143.2 ***
Two people	949	15.8	0.8	463	17.2	3.9 **
More than two people	3,776	62.9	0.1	1,538	57.1	2.1 **
Individuals by Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	672	11.2	50.9 ***	312	11.6	316.6 ***
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	363	6.1	58.7 ***	183	6.8	291.4 ***
Households with children	4,589	76.5	0.1 **	1,959	72.7	1.8 **

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from number eligible and number participating under baseline rules (see Table C.2)

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90% level of significance

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95% level of significance

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99% level of significance

Table C.7. Benefits for Eligible and Participating California Households Under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible			Participating		
	Total (\$000s)	Percent Change ^a	Average Benefit	Total (\$000s)	Percent Change ^a	Average Benefit
Total California Benefits	613,851	2.5	230	327,842	7.2 ***	249
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	109,930	0.0	329	80,107	2.9	373
1-100%	403,777	3.6 ***	263	235,493	8.6 ***	240
101-130%	90,917	0.4 **	143	11,144	4.7 **	133
131% or greater	9,227	9.5 ***	56	1,099	137.2 ***	31
Benefits in Households with Income from						
Earnings	323,532	0.1	260	99,308	5.5 **	294
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	111,065	-0.1	262	96,037	-0.1	311
Social Security	50,785	20.3 ***	88	20,295	66.8 ***	79
Supplemental Security Income	14,246	***	39	14,246	***	39
Benefits by Household Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	8,172	105.5 ***	16	4,586	2,420.7 ***	16
Eligible for maximum benefit	199,283	1.4 ***	343	144,355	4.2 **	372
Eligible for other benefit	406,397	2.1 ***	256	178,902	7.0 ***	279
Benefits in Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	390,015	2.0 ***	296	243,982	5.1 ***	324
Medical deduction	28,176	28.7 ***	101	10,955	96.7 ***	98
Dependent care deduction	22,777	0.4	300	8,565	1.3	360
Child support expense deduction	12,711	1.8 **	300	7,373	3.2 **	319
Benefits by Household Size						
One person	116,601	14.4 ***	92	64,625	36.4 ***	93
Two people	102,589	0.4	216	62,306	2.2	269
More than two people	394,661	0.0	427	200,912	1.7 *	514
Benefits by Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	44,309	26.8 ***	81	19,902	85.5 ***	72
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	23,489	28.9 ***	96	11,243	80.3 ***	74
Households with children	479,622	0.0	335	254,506	1.6 *	398

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from benefits for eligible and participating households under baseline rules (see Table C.3)

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90% level of significance

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95% level of significance

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99% level of significance

Table C.8. Average Monthly Benefit, Income, and Deductions of Eligible and Participating California Households under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Average Value for California Households Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible		Participating	
	Average (\$)	Percent Change ^a	Average (\$)	Percent Change ^a
Monthly Benefit	230	-12.4 ***	249	-27.5 ***
Monthly Gross Income among Households with Positive Income	1,007	-3.1 ***	761	6.7 ***
Monthly Net Income among Households with Positive Net Income	692	-2.6 ***	545	10.2 ***
Monthly Amount of Income Type among Households with Income Type				
Earnings	1,059	-0.1	728	1.2
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	510	0.0	535	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	470	***	470	***
Social Security	783	-9.1 ***	645	-1.3
Amount of Deduction among Households with Deduction				
Excess shelter deduction	280	1.3 **	281	0.5
Medical deduction	212	2.9	175	-13.9
Dependent care deduction	211	-0.1	281	-1.4
Child support expense deduction	354	-1.5	409	-4.2

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

^a Percent change from average values under baseline rules (see Table C.4)

* Change is statistically different from zero at a 90% level of significance

** Change is statistically different from zero at a 95% level of significance

*** Change is statistically different from zero at a 99% level of significance

Table C.9A. Characteristics of California Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Newly Eligible and Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	389	100.0	389	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	352	90.5	352	90.5
101-130%	15	3.9	15	3.9
131% or greater	22	5.6	22	5.6
Households with Income from				
Earnings	20	5.1	20	5.1
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	200	51.3	200	51.3
Supplemental Security Income	370	95.0	370	95.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	267	68.5	267	68.5
Eligible for maximum benefit	14	3.6	14	3.6
Eligible for other benefit	109	27.9	109	27.9
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	104	26.7	104	26.7
Medical deduction	84	21.6	84	21.6
Dependent care deduction	1	0.2	1	0.2
Child support expense deduction	2	0.5	2	0.5
Household Size				
One person	384	98.7	384	98.7
Two people	4	1.0	4	1.0
More than two people	1	0.3	1	0.3
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	221	56.8	221	56.8
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	134	34.4	134	34.4
Households with children	2	0.5	2	0.5

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

* Less than 500

Table C.9B. Characteristics of California Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Participating		Previously Eligible and Newly Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	425	100.0	36	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	10	2.4	10	28.0
1-100%	369	86.8	17	47.1
101-130%	23	5.4	8	21.2
131% or greater	23	5.4	1	3.6
Households with Income from				
Earnings	37	8.6	17	46.8
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	*	0.3
Social Security	209	49.1	9	25.0
Supplemental Security Income	370	87.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	273	64.2	6	17.3
Eligible for maximum benefit	27	6.2	13	35.2
Eligible for other benefit	126	29.6	17	47.5
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	114	26.9	10	29.2
Medical deduction	87	20.5	3	8.5
Dependent care deduction	1	0.2	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	2	0.5	0	0.4
Household Size				
One person	407	95.8	23	65.2
Two people	9	2.0	5	13.0
More than two people	9	2.1	8	21.8
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	230	54.1	9	24.9
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	135	31.9	2	4.3
Households with children	12	2.7	10	26.5

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

* Less than 500

Table C.9C. Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households with Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Households With Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible in Baselow		Participating in Baselow	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	43	100.0	3	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	19	43.6	2	81.5
101-130%	14	32.2	1	18.5
131% or greater	11	24.2	0	0.0
Households with Income from				
Earnings	13	29.8	2	54.4
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	2	4.1	1	29.5
Social Security	36	83.8	1	45.6
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	7	15.2	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	37	84.8	3	100.0
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	30	68.2	3	92.7
Medical deduction	43	100.0	3	100.0
Dependent care deduction	*	0.1	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	*	0.6	0	0.0
Household Size				
One person	20	46.2	*	17.0
Two people	12	27.3	*	12.0
More than two people	11	26.5	2	70.9
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	32	74.6	2	72.3
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	11	25.8	1	27.7
Households with children	12	27.1	2	77.1

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table C.10A. Characteristics of California Households Newly Ineligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Households Losing Eligibility under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Ineligible		Participating in Baselow	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	*	100.0	0	0.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	0	0.0	0	0.0
101-130%	0	0.0	0	0.0
131% or greater	*	100.0	0	0.0
Households with Income from				
Earnings	0	0.0	0	0.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	*	100.0	0	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	*	100.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	*	100.0	0	0.0
Medical deduction	*	100.0	0	0.0
Dependent care deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Household Size				
One person	*	100.0	0	0.0
Two people	0	0.0	0	0.0
More than two people	0	0.0	0	0.0
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	*	100.0	0	0.0
Households with children	0	0.0	0	0.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table C.10B. Characteristics of California Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Not Participating		Still Eligible But No Longer Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	0	0.0	0	0.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	0	0.0	0	0.0
101-130%	0	0.0	0	0.0
131% or greater	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with Income from				
Earnings	0	0.0	0	0.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	0	0.0	0	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Medical deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Dependent care deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Household Size				
One person	0	0.0	0	0.0
Two people	0	0.0	0	0.0
More than two people	0	0.0	0	0.0
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with children	0	0.0	0	0.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table C.10C. Characteristics of Eligible and Participating California Households with Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Households With Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible under Simulation		Participating under Simulation	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	481	100.0	197	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	291	60.5	158	80.5
101-130%	156	32.5	32	16.1
131% or greater	34	7.0	7	3.5
Households with Income from				
Earnings	346	71.8	120	61.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	92	19.0	90	45.6
Social Security	86	17.8	20	10.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	1	0.2	*	0.2
Eligible for other benefit	480	99.8	196	99.8
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	481	100.0	197	100.0
Medical deduction	33	6.8	3	1.4
Dependent care deduction	21	4.3	7	3.4
Child support expense deduction	7	1.5	2	1.3
Household Size				
One person	139	28.9	49	24.9
Two people	109	22.7	51	26.1
More than two people	233	48.4	96	49.0
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	75	15.7	18	9.1
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	24	5.0	4	2.0
Households with children	351	73.0	166	84.5

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table C.11A. Characteristics of Individuals in California Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Newly Eligible and Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	396	100.0	396	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	352	88.9	352	88.9
101-130%	17	4.2	17	4.2
131% or greater	27	6.9	27	6.9
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	22	5.5	22	5.5
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	204	51.5	204	51.5
Supplemental Security Income	370	93.4	370	93.4
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	267	67.3	267	67.3
Eligible for maximum benefit	14	3.5	14	3.5
Eligible for other benefit	115	29.2	115	29.2
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	109	27.6	109	27.6
Medical deduction	91	22.9	91	22.9
Dependent care deduction	1	0.2	1	0.2
Child support expense deduction	2	0.5	2	0.5
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	384	97.0	384	97.0
Two people	8	2.0	8	2.0
More than two people	4	1.0	4	1.0
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	227	57.3	227	57.3
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	135	34.1	135	34.1
Households with children	5	1.3	5	1.3

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

* Less than 500

Table C.11B. Characteristics of Individuals in California Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Participating		Previously Eligible and Newly Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	456	100.0	60	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	11	2.5	11	19.1
1-100%	390	85.6	38	63.5
101-130%	25	5.6	9	14.7
131% or greater	29	6.3	2	2.7
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	61	13.3	39	64.7
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	*	0.3
Social Security	215	47.1	11	17.7
Supplemental Security Income	370	81.1	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	273	59.8	6	10.4
Eligible for maximum benefit	31	6.7	17	28.0
Eligible for other benefit	152	33.4	37	61.6
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	133	29.1	24	39.2
Medical deduction	94	20.7	3	5.7
Dependent care deduction	1	0.2	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	2	0.5	*	0.2
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	407	89.3	23	39.1
Two people	17	3.8	9	15.5
More than two people	31	6.9	27	45.4
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	237	52.1	11	17.5
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	136	29.9	2	2.7
Households with children	36	7.8	30	50.6

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

* Less than 500

Table C.11C. Individuals in Households with Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households With Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible in Baselow		Participating in Baselow	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	93	100.0	8	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	55	58.8	6	81.2
101-130%	21	22.2	1	18.8
131% or greater	18	19.1	0	0.0
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	42	45.1	5	61.2
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	7	7.2	3	37.9
Social Security	79	84.3	3	38.8
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	7	7.3	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	86	92.7	8	100.0
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	55	59.2	7	92.7
Medical deduction	93	100.0	8	100.0
Dependent care deduction	*	0.1	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	*	0.4	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	20	21.5	*	6.4
Two people	24	25.5	1	9.0
More than two people	49	53.0	6	84.6
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	62	66.4	5	71.6
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	32	34.1	2	28.4
Households with children	49	53.0	7	89.2

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table C.12A. Characteristics of Individuals in California Households Newly Ineligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Losing Eligibility under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Ineligible		Participating in Baselow	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	*	100.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	0	0.0	0	0.0
101-130%	0	0.0	0	0.0
131% or greater	*	100.0	0	0.0
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	0	0.0	0	0.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	*	100.0	0	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	*	100.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	*	100.0	0	0.0
Medical deduction	*	100.0	0	0.0
Dependent care deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	*	100.0	0	0.0
Two people	0	0.0	0	0.0
More than two people	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	*	100.0	0	0.0
Households with children	0	0.0	0	0.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table C.12B. Characteristics of Individuals in California Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Not Participating		Still Eligible But No Longer Participating	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	0	0.0	0	0.0
101-130%	0	0.0	0	0.0
131% or greater	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	0	0.0	0	0.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	0	0.0	0	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Medical deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Dependent care deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	0	0.0	0	0.0
Two people	0	0.0	0	0.0
More than two people	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with children	0	0.0	0	0.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table C.12C. Households with Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Individuals in Households With Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	Eligible under Simulation		Participating under Simulation	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Individuals	1,332	100.0	536	100.0
Individuals by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	836	62.8	435	81.1
101-130%	434	32.5	86	16.0
131% or greater	62	4.6	15	2.9
Individuals in Households with Income from				
Earnings	1,053	79.1	335	62.5
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	268	20.1	262	48.9
Social Security	144	10.8	42	7.9
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Individuals by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	2	0.2	1	0.3
Eligible for other benefit	1,330	99.8	535	99.7
Individuals in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	1,332	100.0	536	100.0
Medical deduction	46	3.5	3	0.6
Dependent care deduction	55	4.2	18	3.4
Child support expense deduction	22	1.7	8	1.5
Individuals by Household Size				
One person	139	10.4	49	9.1
Two people	219	16.4	103	19.2
More than two people	974	73.1	384	71.7
Individuals by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	120	9.0	30	5.5
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	52	3.9	11	2.0
Households with children	1,160	87.1	497	92.7

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table C.13A. Benefits for Eligible California Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Newly Eligible and Participating	
	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total
Total Benefits	14,775	100.0	14,775	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	13,912	94.2	13,912	94.2
101-130%	298	2.0	298	2.0
131% or greater	565	3.8	565	3.8
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	454	3.1	454	3.1
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	7,729	52.3	7,729	52.3
Supplemental Security Income	14,246	96.4	14,246	96.4
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	4,303	29.1	4,303	29.1
Eligible for maximum benefit	2,779	18.8	2,779	18.8
Eligible for other benefit	7,692	52.1	7,692	52.1
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	9,653	65.3	9,653	65.3
Medical deduction	5,127	34.7	5,127	34.7
Dependent care deduction	125	0.8	125	0.8
Child support expense deduction	229	1.5	229	1.5
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	14,474	98.0	14,474	98.0
Two people	162	1.1	162	1.1
More than two people	139	0.9	139	0.9
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	8,623	58.4	8,623	58.4
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	4,944	33.5	4,944	33.5
Households with children	283	1.9	283	1.9

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

Table C.13B. Benefits for Eligible California Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Newly Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Participating		Previously Eligible and Newly Participating	
	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total
Total Benefits	22,247	100.0	7,472	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	2,250	10.1	2,250	30.1
1-100%	18,805	84.5	4,893	65.5
101-130%	549	2.5	251	3.4
131% or greater	643	2.9	78	1.0
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	5,285	23.8	4,831	64.6
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	5	0.0	5	0.1
Social Security	8,136	36.6	408	5.5
Supplemental Security Income	14,246	64.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	4,404	19.8	100	1.3
Eligible for maximum benefit	6,004	27.0	3,225	43.2
Eligible for other benefit	11,839	53.2	4,147	55.5
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	12,956	58.2	3,303	44.2
Medical deduction	5,299	23.8	172	2.3
Dependent care deduction	125	0.6	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	234	1.1	6	0.1
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	17,282	77.7	2,808	37.6
Two people	1,431	6.4	1,270	17.0
More than two people	3,533	15.9	3,394	45.4
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	9,125	41.0	502	6.7
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	4,995	22.5	51	0.7
Households with children	4,090	18.4	3,806	50.9

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

Table C.13C. Benefits for Eligible and Participating California Households with Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households With Higher Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible in Baselow			Participating in Baselow		
	Total (\$000s)	Increase (\$000s)	Percent Increase	Total (\$000s)	Increase (\$000s)	Percent Increase
Total Benefits	7,295	1,227	100.0	840	92	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
1-100%	5,303	593	72.7	768	83	91.5
101-130%	1,143	334	15.7	71	8	8.5
131% or greater	850	301	11.6	0	0	0.0
Benefits in Households with Income from Earnings						
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	327	54	4.5	178	36	21.2
Social Security	6,010	1,012	82.4	266	26	31.7
Supplemental Security Income	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	106	98	1.5	0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	7,189	1,129	98.5	840	92	100.0
Benefits in Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	4,511	883	61.8	801	84	95.5
Medical deduction	7,295	1,227	100.0	840	92	100.0
Dependent care deduction	14	1	0.2	0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	12	10	0.2	0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Size						
One person	1,183	459	16.2	58	8	6.9
Two people	1,613	389	22.1	65	5	7.8
More than two people	4,500	379	61.7	716	79	85.3
Benefits by Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	4,548	861	62.3	663	71	79.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	2,756	371	37.8	176	21	21.0
Households with children	4,552	402	62.4	740	82	88.1

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

* Less than 500

Table C.14A. Benefits for Eligible California Households Newly Ineligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Losing Eligibility under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Ineligible		Participating in Baseline	
	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total
Total Benefits	8	100.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	0	0.0	0	0.0
101-130%	0	0.0	0	0.0
131% or greater	8	100.0	0	0.0
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	0	0.0	0	0.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	8	100.0	0	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	8	100.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	8	100.0	0	0.0
Medical deduction	8	100.0	0	0.0
Dependent care deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	8	100.0	0	0.0
Two people	0	0.0	0	0.0
More than two people	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	8	100.0	0	0.0
Households with children	0	0.0	0	0.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table C.14B. Benefits for Eligible California Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households Newly Not Participating under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Not Participating		Still Eligible But No Longer Participating	
	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total	Total (\$000s)	Percent of Total
Total Benefits	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	0	0.0	0	0.0
101-130%	0	0.0	0	0.0
131% or greater	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits in Households with Income from				
Earnings	0	0.0	0	0.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	0	0.0	0	0.0
Supplemental Security Income	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits in Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Medical deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Dependent care deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Child support expense deduction	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Size				
One person	0	0.0	0	0.0
Two people	0	0.0	0	0.0
More than two people	0	0.0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	0	0.0	0	0.0
Households with children	0	0.0	0	0.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table C.14C. Benefits for Eligible and Participating California Households With Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, by Household Characteristic, FY 2009

	Benefits for Households With Lower Benefits under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out					
	Eligible under Simulation			Participating under Simulation		
	Total (\$000s)	Decrease (\$000s)	Percent Decrease	Total (\$000s)	Decrease (\$000s)	Percent Decrease
Total Benefits	132,975	779	100.0	61,084	299	100.0
Benefits by Household Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level						
No income	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
1-100%	98,248	441	73.9	54,746	236	89.6
101-130%	31,414	277	23.6	6,070	55	9.9
131% or greater	3,313	61	2.5	268	8	0.4
Benefits in Households with Income from						
Earnings	101,804	543	76.6	36,055	175	59.0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	27,875	145	21.0	27,577	141	45.1
Social Security	11,057	161	8.3	3,434	34	5.6
Supplemental Security Income	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
Benefits by Household Benefit Level						
Eligible for minimum benefit	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	362	1	0.3	226	0	0.4
Eligible for other benefit	132,614	778	99.7	60,859	299	99.6
Benefits in Households with Deductions						
Excess shelter deduction	132,975	779	100.0	61,084	299	100.0
Medical deduction	4,080	62	3.1	525	5	0.9
Dependent care deduction	5,893	29	4.4	2,022	11	3.3
Child support expense deduction	2,445	14	1.8	993	5	1.6
Benefits by Household Size						
One person	13,680	205	10.3	5,739	58	9.4
Two people	22,759	165	17.1	11,862	78	19.4
More than two people	96,536	408	72.6	43,484	163	71.2
Benefits by Household Composition						
Households with elderly adults	10,240	133	7.7	2,959	27	4.8
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	4,450	47	3.3	1,377	8	2.3
Households with children	116,527	558	87.6	56,316	255	92.2

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table C.15. Average Monthly Benefit, Income, and Deductions of Eligible and Participating California Households Gaining under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Average Value for California Households Gaining under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out (\$)			
	Newly Eligible or Participating		Eligible or Participating in Baselow	
	Newly Eligible	Newly Participating	Still Eligible with Higher	Still Participating with Higher
Potential Monthly Benefit	38	52	196	325
Monthly Gross Income among Households with Positive Income	848	840	1,154	1,010
Monthly Net Income among Households with Positive Net Income	616	610	576	479
Monthly Amount of Income Type among Households with Income Type				
Earnings	972	797	836	801
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	371	328	413
Supplemental Security Income	470	470	0	0
Social Security	636	644	833	838
Amount of Deduction among Households with Deduction				
Excess shelter deduction	316	296	399	241
Medical deduction	153	156	124	124
Dependent care deduction	186	186	214	0
Child support expense deduction	246	237	113	0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

Table C.16. Average Monthly Benefit, Income, and Deductions of Eligible and Participating California Households Losing under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Average Value for California Households Losing under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out (\$)			
	Newly Ineligible or Not Participating		Eligible or Participating under Simulation	
	Newly Ineligible	Newly Not Participating	Still Eligible with Lower	Still Participating with Lower
Potential Monthly Benefit	16	0	276	311
Monthly Gross Income among Households with Positive Income	2,411	0	1,152	921
Monthly Net Income among Households with Positive Net Income	803	0	615	495
Monthly Amount of Income Type among Households with Income Type				
Earnings	0	0	1,121	818
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0	531	533
Supplemental Security Income	0	0	0	0
Social Security	1,278	0	871	701
Amount of Deduction among Households with Deduction				
Excess shelter deduction	990	0	200	176
Medical deduction	484	0	359	319
Dependent care deduction	0	0	148	129
Child support expense deduction	0	0	267	232

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the baseline SNAP unit.

Table C.17. Characteristics of California Households Newly Eligible for the Minimum Benefit under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Eligible for the Minimum Benefit	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	389	100.0	267	100.0
Gross Income as a Percentage of Poverty Level				
No income	0	0.0	0	0.0
1-100%	352	90.5	236	88.5
101-130%	15	3.9	14	5.3
131% or greater	22	5.6	17	6.2
Households with Income from				
Earnings	20	5.1	17	6.5
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0	0.0	0	0.0
Social Security	200	51.3	125	46.8
Supplemental Security Income	370	95.0	252	94.7
Benefit Level				
Eligible for minimum benefit	267	68.5	267	100.0
Eligible for maximum benefit	14	3.6	0	0.0
Eligible for other benefit	109	27.9	0	0.0
Households with Deductions				
Excess shelter deduction	104	26.7	16	5.9
Medical deduction	84	21.6	16	6.1
Dependent care deduction	1	0.2	0	0.1
Child support expense deduction	2	0.5	0	0.1
Household Size				
One person	384	98.7	267	100.0
Two people	4	1.0	0	0.0
More than two people	1	0.3	0	0.0
Household Composition				
Households with elderly adults	221	56.8	140	52.6
Households with disabled nonelderly adults	134	34.4	99	37.2
Households with children	2	0.5	0	0.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

Table C.18. Income Distribution for California Households Newly Eligible for the Minimum Benefit under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out for One Person Units, Add a Standard Medical Deduction, and Lower the SUA, FY 2009

	Households Newly Eligible under Simulation to Eliminate SSI Cash-Out			
	All Newly Eligible		Eligible for the Minimum Benefit	
	Number (000s)	Percent of Total	Number (000s)	Percent of Total
Total California Households	389	100.0	267	100.0
Countable Earned Income				
\$0	369	94.9	249	93.5
1-499	8	2.0	8	2.9
500-999	2	0.6	2	0.9
1,000 or greater	9	2.4	7	2.7
Countable Social Security				
\$0	190	48.7	142	53.2
1-199	4	1.2	2	0.8
200-399	19	4.9	13	5.0
400-599	61	15.6	36	13.6
600-799	92	23.7	55	20.7
800-999	9	2.3	8	3.0
1,000 or greater	14	3.6	10	3.7
Countable Supplemental Security Income				
\$0	19	5.0	14	5.3
1-199	104	26.8	64	23.9
200-399	68	17.4	40	15.2
400-599	26	6.7	18	6.9
600-799	171	44.0	130	48.6
800-999	0	0.1	0	0.1
1,000 or greater	0	0.0	0	0.0

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model, California update

(No asset test for households with children; SSI+SSP=\$845 singles, \$1,407 couples)

Note: Characteristics are of the SNAP unit after SSI Cash-out is eliminated.

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